In today's Jordan Times...

Bill of Rights for tourists: Page 2 Boy Saving Salf's old houses: Page 3 Devious ways to a simple goal: Page 4 Iraqis rap Western media bias: Page 5 Smooth sailing for Borg: Page 7 Heig hears dissenting voices at ANZUS talks: Page 8

وسال جليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الإربنية "الراي"

Today's Weather

It will be fair, with northwesterly moderate winds. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly mod-

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 29, Aqaba 38. Sunset tonight: 6:47 p.m. Sunrise tomorrow: 4:31 a.m.

une 6, Number 1**6**90

AMMAN, TUESDAY JUNE 23, 1981 — SHABAN 21, 1401

Badran, cabinet in dialogue with citizens of Tafila

AFILA, June 22 (Petra) — Prime Minister Mudar Badran and his cabinet met this morning n a working session within an open dialogue with he citizens of Tafila.

Mr. Badran said the govrnment's policy, at the insuctions of His Majesty King lussein, is to go out to all areas f the country to discuss citens' needs on the spot.

Prime Minister Badran mphasised the need for honsty, truth and constructive cricism, pointing out that in caring out projects the govad its sincere desire to provide rvices to every citizen.

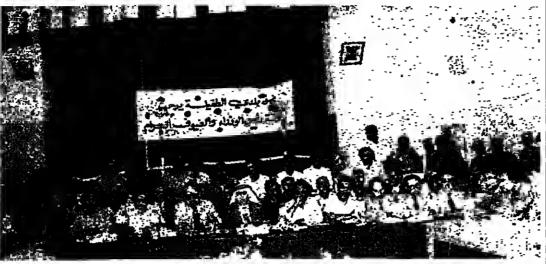
: He said that the government. closely following up work on ne Tafila cement plant proct, which is to have a pro-----ctive capacity of two millionrons a year. He said this and ... her projects will have an eff--tive and immediate impact ... 1 the progress and social devopment of their environs. Mr. Badran also said the vernment has been proding vast opportunities for udents from the Tafila area to

attend Jordanian universities and institutes so that they could return to work in and serve their native area.

Also, telecommunications projects being carried ont in the district are costing tens of millions of dinars, he said. Other projects for the area within the five-year plan will cost JD 168,000.

. A branch of the government-sponsored consumer corporation will be opened in

Tafila next year, he added. Karak Governor Diyah Yousef submitted a working paper on the needs of the city of Tafila and the district, dealing with educational, agricultural, social, health, higbway, awqaf and telecommunications projects. The working paper also discusses demands related to water, housing, transport, electricity, tourism and ant-



Prime Minister Mudar Badran and members of the cabinet meet with the Tafila community on Monday

Tafila Mayor Suleiman Al 'Uran asked for the completion of the water and sewage project and the establishment of a park, a resthouse, an antiquities office, a public library and a hospital. He also asked for developing telephone communications in Tafila and opening passport and labour offices as well as completing the Polytechnic Institute project and locating one of Muta University's schools in Tafila. Mayor 'Uran also pointed out the significance of providing free housing to government employees to encourage them to serve in the district and called for supporting sports clubs and charitable societies and the electrification of district vil-

lages. He also appealed to the government to supply financial aid to the municipality.

Answering citizens' questions, Interior Minister Suleiman Arar said a passport off-ice will be opened in Tafila next year. Communications Minister Mohammad 'Addoub Al Zaben said 400 numbers will be added to the Tafila telephone switchboard.

Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Hassan Al Momani said studies are under way to include the district in regional planning. Public Works Minister Awni Al Masri said work is under way in several areas to open and expand roads, pointing out that sufficient appropriations were allocated in the five-year plan to improve the district's roads.

Education Minister Dr. Sa'id Al Tal said his ministry has decided to establish a community college in Tafila to teach technological and liberal arts sub-

At the end of the meeting, Prime Minister Badran announced that the government has decided to establish a hospital in Tafila, to allocate five scholarships to Tafila students, and to contribute JD 125,000 to the city and the district.

A committee has been formed under the governor of the district to follow up on the res-

Pope has pleurisy

ROME, June 22 (A.P.) -- Pope John Paul II is suffering from pleurisy, an inflammation of the membrane covering the lungs, the Vatican said today, two days after the pontiff was hospitalised with a fever that was slowing his recovery from gunsbot wounds. (Eartier story on page 8)

The Pope has bad a fever for two weeks and may have overexerted himself of Pentecost, June 7, when be made two public appearances, Dr. Emilio Tresalti, chief medical officer of the Gemelli Policlinico, said in a telephone interview.

"I would say there is no serious risk to his life," Dr. Tresalti said.

visional council, which will take up Mr. Bani-Sadr's powers under Article 31 of the constitution, is to be made up of himself, Chief Justice Ayatollah Mohammad Beheshti and Prime Minister Mohammad Ali Raja'i. But he did not say when the council would be sworn in and installed,

Bani-Sadr fired,

invited to repent

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

BEIRUT, June 22 (Agencies) — Ayatollah

Ruhollah Khomeini dismissed Iranian Pre-

sident Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr from office

today and then appealed to the fugitive ex-

chief of state to return to the Islamic rev-

olutionary fold as a "writer and thinker,"

Tehran Radio reported.

The conciliatory move app-

eared aimed at extracting the ous-

ted president from an und-

erground alliance with leftist and

nationalist opposition activists at

bome and at stopping him from linking up with exiled monarchy

The Tehran prosecutor's office

executed at Evin Prison since Sat-

urday's street clashes in the capital

groups against Islamic fun-

Khomeini's revolutionary guards.

The prosecutor identified one

of those shot as Mr. Saeed Sol-

tanpour, described as a leader of

the so-called minority wing of the

against the administration of the

Tehran was reported calm

today, without any recurrence of

the Saturday clashes that claimed

30 lives, including those of 14 rev-

olutionary guards, by official cou-

Avatollah Khomeini's dismissal

of Iran's first elected president

cleared the way for a triumvirate

to serve as an interim presidential

council and arrange for new pre-

sidential elections within 50 days.

sanjani said the three-man pro-

Majlis Speaker Hashemi Raf-

Fedayeen Khalq.

former Shah.

said today.

supporters abroad.

reported 25 persons bave been The three men are the foremost leaders of the hard-line Islamic . Republican Party that mounted the year-long campaign to oust Mr. Bani-Sadr, who won the prethat pitted Bani-Sadr supporters from three Marxist and Maoist sidency by 75 per cent of the total vote in a January 1980 landslide, damentalists from the Hezbollah "It would be in your interest to (Party of God) and Ayatollah

repeat and return, freed from corrupt and criminal choues around you, to serve as writer and thinker," said Ayatollah Khomeini in a one-hour prerecorded speech broadcast by Tehran Radio.

A sizeable portion of the speech He was a prominent poet and was addressed directly to the playwright who had campaigned 47-year-old Mr. Bani-Sadr, who has been reported moving from one hideout to another in Tehran Also, Iran's amhassador to since the final move to impeach Italy, a Bani-Sadr supporter, bas him was mounted in the Majlis a been sacked but bas not returned

home, embassy sources in Rome Pleading with Mr. Bani-Sadr not to join exiled monarchists. Ambassador Nassir Sadat Sal-Ayatollah Khomeini said, "I Advami, who was appointed last Augise Mr. Bani-Sadr not to fall into ust, bas not been seen at the embthe trap of those groups abroad assy for the past two weeks since who are lying in ambush to disbe received instructions to return grace what is left of your bonour. I

would like you not to destroy yourself any further. I did not want what happened today to happen," Ayatollah Khomeini said of the dismissal. But you did not listen to my advice...you did not stop your interest in these corrupt and criminal (lef-

tist) groups and they drew you to

your destruction."

The avatollah appeared offering to stop legal proceedings against Mr. Bani-Sadr when he said: "There is always room for repentance. Repent and take a step toward God and God will accept your return."

Shortly after vesterday's Majlis impeachment vote was announced, Hojatoleslam Ali Qudussi, the Tehran revolutionary prosecutor, issued a summons to Mr. Bani-Sadr to answer charges of being "anti-Islam and anti-

Hussein meets Jalloud

AMMAN, June 22 (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein received at the Hashemite Royal Court this evening Lihyan Staff Maj. Abdul' Salam Jalloud, who conveyed a' message from Libyan leader Col. Muammar Qadhafi.

The meeting was attended by Prime Minister Mudar Badran. Chief of the Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi and the Libyan amb-assador in Amman, Mr. Saleh Senousi Abdul Said.

Maj. Jalloud arrived in Amman this evening for a short visit as part of a tour of several Arab cou-

In a statement to Petra, the Jordan News Agency, Maj. Jalloud said his tour is a serious attempt to cope with the challenges and da gers facing the Arab Nation.

He said that that the real enemy of the Arah Nation is Zionism. which is expanding under the protection of the American umbrella, and that the June 7 Israeli air raid on the Iraqi nuclear reactor, dedicated to research for peaceful purposes, is a moral blow to the Arab Nation.

Arab ministers to meet today in search for Lebanese peace

tUT, June 22 (Agencies) - Four Arab forministers meet tomorrow in Saudi-Arabia to re efforts aimed at halting the violence in Lebbut government sources here saw little proof a long-term peace formula.

their meeting in Jeddah, the foreign ministers udi Arabia, Syria, Kuwait and Lebanon, along Arab League SecretaryGeneral Chadli Klibi e taking up where they left off at a session on 7-8 in the Lebanese town of Beiteddin.

ey comprise the so-called follow-up com-e established at the end of the 1975-76 Lebcivil war and subsequently shelved and revseveral times.

e committee is due to meet again in Lebanon

najor issue at tomorrow's Jeddah talks is expto be security arrangements in the eastern nese city of Zahle, where right-wing Falangist amen have been besieged by Syrian peaping forces since the beginning of April. e Saudi ambassador to Lebanon, Gen. Ali

committee, tried over the weekend to negotiate an end to the Zahle clashes.

Efforts to resolve the situation continued today. Gen. Shaer met Lebanese Foreign Minister Fuad while Public Works Minister Elias Al Hrawi, who comes from Zahle, travelled to Dam-'ascus for talks with Syrian officials.'

Meanwhile, U.S. presidential envoy Philip Habib flew here from Saudi Arabia today to continue talks.

Mr. Habib arrived in Beirut from Jeddah this afternoon and went straight to the U.S. ambassador's residence in suburban Yarze, a U.S. embassy spokesman said.

Mr. Habib was expected to confer with the outgoing U.S. ambassador to Lebanon, Mr. John Gunther Dean, and with Mr. Dean's successor, Mr. Robert Dillon, who arrived here yesterday, before meeting Lebanese officials.

ptian President Anwar Sadat made his first peace overture to ording to a book just published in

The book, "Iranian Triangle," with Israel.

and the United States.

The book said every single Isr-Menachem Begin, made

Over 100 killed in Morocco riots, opposition claims

month.

CASABLANCA, June 22 (R) — The opposition Socialist Party said today more than 100 people were killed in two days of violent demonstrations during a general strike in Casahlanca over the weekend.

A leader of the Union Socialiste des Forces Populaires (USFP) said numerous demonstrators wounded when security forces fired on them had died in police

The strike, called by the Socialists and its trade union org-

price increases brought in last

The Socialist spokesman said 26 wounded people died in a police station where they were being held in the Roches Noires quarter. an industrial subrub north of Cas-

The government said stoday: that known criminals and fugitives were under arrest for instigating the riots.

A communique issued in Rabat by the prime minister's office said the people detained were charged with such crimes as "looting, devastation, obstruction to freedom of movement causing death, arson...and violence against security forces." It gave no figure for

A doctor employed in one Casablanca hospital said that at least 10 people with gunshot wounds died in the hospital over the weekend.

The Socialist spokesman said there was a virtual curiew in Casablanca last night.

The USFP said the editor of its paper, the daily Al Mouharrir, was

arrested after police ordered it closed yesterday. The party said an Italian press photographer was also detained Increases of up to 85 per cent in

the retail prices of sugar, butter, milk, edible oils and flour were reduced by half ten days later following widespread protests from both pro-government and oppesition parties.

At the same time the govemment increased civil servant salaries by 13 per cent and the legal minimum wages in the private sector by 20 per cent.

Ex-minister on trial for sedition in Sanaa

BAHRAIN, June 22 (R) - A former foreign minister of North Yemen, Mr. Abdullah Asnag, went on trial in Sanaa today charged with plotting to overthrow his country's government, the official Saudi Press Agency said.

The agency's report from the Yemeni capital said the public prosecutor asked for Mr. Asnag, 46, to be sentenced to death for conspiring with "foreign quarters" to topple the government. The charges, as quoted by the agency, did not mention any

The charges against Mr. Asnag said he had "proved in his own handwriting his connection with a number of foreign quarters, agreeing and planning to remove the government and destory Yemen's relations with certain Arah countries."

Beirut sources said two other men had been arrested at the same time as the former foreign minister. They were brothers of the late Yemeni president Ahmad Al Ghashmi, who was killed in June 1978 when a parcel bomb exploded in his office.

Chapman pleads guilty to murdering Lennon

NEW YORK, June 22 (A.P.) - Mr. Mark David Chapman pleaded guilty today to the murder of former Beatle John Lennon. Mr. Chapman said that God bad told him to change his plea, his attorney:

"Mr. Chapman's decision to plead guilty was his own decision. He made it against my advice and he made it principally on the ground that on June 8th and June 10th that God told Mr. Chapman to plead guilty," lawyer Jonathan Marks told the crowded courtroom.

"When God told Mr. Chapman to plead guilty, the decision was essentially made and I was removed from the decision-making process," said Mr. Marks, who had planned a defence that his client was

insane when the shooting occurred. Acting Justice Dennis Edwards accepted the plea and scheduled sentencing in Manhattan's Supreme Court for Aug. 24.

Mr. Chapman, wearing a bulletproof vest, appeared calm throughout the proceeding, laughing and smiling with his lawyer before

"The defendant, Mark David Chapman, has exercised his right to withdraw his not guilty plea, to plead guilty to the charge of murder in the second degree. That plea has been accepted by the court," Justice

Fdwards said. Mr. Chapman faces a maximum of 25 years to life in prison and a

minimum of 15 years to life. Mr. Chapman admitted shooting Mr. Lennon at point-blank range on Dec. 8 as the musician and his wife, artist Yoko Ono, returned to their flat at the luxury Dakota apartment building in New York after a late-night recording session.

Mr. Chapman allegedly had stalked his quarry for several days, lingering around the building and, at one point, garnering an antograph from the man he soon would kill. Jury selection was scheduled to begin today, but for several weet

there had been hints Mr. Chapman planned to thwart a trial.

r, a participant in meetings of the follow-up Soviets bomb Afghan city, kill hundreds, witness says

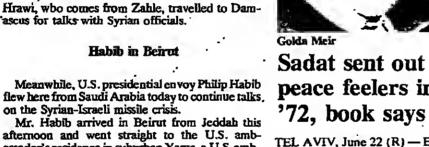
MABAD, June 22 (A.P.) - Hundreds were ed killed last Friday when Soviet planes ved a three-square-kilometre area of Kanin an apparent attempt to crush urban gueactivity in the important southeastern Afghan in evewitness said upon his arrival here today. looks like a place destroyed by earthquake," id of the old city quarter known as Nahiya II

wo nearby villages. e witness, a 33-year-old executive of a stated corporation, said Soviet tanks immediately d into the area after the 30-minute aerial pardment to destroy remaining structures. saw more than 1,000 people, many crying and ing, run out of the old city for safety, some had

Associated Press. "Strangers opened their houses to them in Shaurinau," a new city quarter.

The source, who requested anonymity out of fear of reprisals against relatives still in Kandahar, said firefights between insurgents and a combined force of Soviet and Afghan troops raged from Friday afternoon through at least early yesterday, when he fled to the Pakistani border, about 150 kilometres

He estimated that thousands were injured in Nahiya II, which had about 5,000 residents, and that fatalities reached into the hundreds. Word circulated in Kandahar after the bombing that "more than 300 persons" had been killed but he said there



peace feelers in 72, book says TEL AVIV, June 22 (R) - Egy-

Israel as long ago as 1972 with a secret message sent via Iran, acc-Israel.

said the late Mrs. Golda Meir made a secret visit to Tehran in May, 1972, when she was Israel's prime minister. A few days previously President Sadat had been in Tehran and he asked for word to be conveyed to Mrs. Meir that his long-term policy was peace

The book, by Israeli journalist Shmuel Segev, deals with the close and mostly secret relationships over 25 years between Israel, Iran

Much of the information wassupplied by Israeli diplomat Uri. Lubrani, who was the undercover amhassador to Tehran from 1973

aeli prime minister since the hirth of the Zionist state, including Mr.

was no way to determine the exact number. ands and legs and were carried," be told the aqis call for pan-Arab oil embargo of U.S.

COSIA, Cyprus, June 22 (A.P.) - The eaker of Irag's parliament today called on ab governments to impose an oil embargo, shdraw their funds and break off dipnatic relations with the United States, the ficial Iraqi News Agency (INA) reported.

oop5 aker Naim Haddad was imited political, military, ecoab parliamentarians in Bagto discuss the Israeli attack rag's nuclear reactor on

er denouncing the Israeli i, Mr. Haddad tabled eight ntions calling for unified action and called on the reptatives to adopt these. e of the resolutions, refto action against the United

antronting the U.S. partiality Zionisi enemy and its uni-

ssing an emergency meeting nomic and information support for the enemy by imposing sanctions and tough measures against the United States through the use of the oil weapon and the withdrawal of Arab funds from American banks as well as the liquidation of its domination and various interests in the Arab region and the refusal to receive its envoys and delegations."

The emergency meeting is attended by representatives from Jordan, Algeria, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Tunisia, North and South Yemen and the Palestine Liberation Organisation.

The Jordanian delegation under Mr. Bahjat Talhouni, speaker of the Upper House of Parliament. left for Baghdad Saturday eve-

ning.
The proposed tough measures against the United States appeared to be an Iraqi reaction to the refusal of the Reagan administration to accept any imposition of sanctions against Israel during last week's U.N. Security Council emergency meeting.

The United States joined in the unanimous adoption of a compromise resolution "strongly condemning" Israel for its attack on the nuclear reactor, after making it clear it would veto Arab demands for the imposition of sanctions against the Zionist state.

A call for the imposition of intemational sanctions against Israel was one of the resolutions adopted in Baghdad two weeks ago by an

emergency meeting of Arab League foreign ministers, convened to adopt a unified Arab policy in the wake of the Israeli attack.

But the foreign ministers stopped short of calling for the specific sanctions against the United States proposed by Mr. Haddad at the current parliamentary con-

ations with the United States since the 1967 Arab-Israeli war. The other resolutions proposed by Mr. Haddad called for the fol-

Iraq has had no diplomatic rel-

lowing steps: 1 - The extension of "all forms of support' to Iraq by other Arab states to enable it to "continue implementation of its peaceful puclear programme." 2 -- Sanctions against the Uni-

ted States, as listed above. 3 - Exerting pressure on Iran to respond to international mediation efforts for ending the Iran-

4 - Strengthening of Arah solidarity to "defeat the Camp David" treaty and all "surrenderist" projects, support for Arabs under Zionist occupation and confronting Zionist schemes for occupying Southern Lebanon. 5 - Thanking the people of the

world for denouncing the Israeli

attack on the nuclear reactor and

using all means to tighten "the isolation of the Zionist entity." 6 - Seeking additional support from other parliaments and calling on the International Parliamentary Union to expell Israel.

7 - Reiterating Iraq's right to maintain a nuclear programme to develop its industry and economy. 8 - Demanding that Israel's

nuclear installations should be subjected to international inspection and the provision of guarantees"the enemy is not using its" nuclear installations for aggressive military purposes."

Mahmoud Al Fay

Journalist c

AMMAN, June 22 (Per president of the Jurda malists' Association, ? moud Al Kayed, today c lecture on jaurnalism : relations and informatik held at the public ma

of Arab journalism, un ional role and develo Jordanian journalism. rnalism is in good coregards freedom, work censorship," Mr. Kave-He praised the high s

work and experience di Jordanian journalists. The journalists associated

sident aftirmed the imp peace and stability in I for the sake of the devel Arab societies.

AMMAN, June 22 (F The Ministry of Tour Antiquities today der convert Jordan's Homing Centre into a centre serving the entir East, to be registered World Tourism Organ The school grants c in hotel work to serve rist industry.

Simonet returns to Belgiu

AMMAN, June 22 (Pet Henri Simonet, memb central committee of th Socialist Party, membe liament and former for ister, left Amman this at the end of a three-day v dan during which he mc eral Jordanian officials hanged views with thet ious questions of joint in ated to Europe and the East.

In a statement on t Dr. Simonet said that I Jordun enabled him to uninted on the spot wit ievements, progress sperity accomplished by all fields, thanks to the the struggling Jordanii and the wise and cours; dership of His Majesty

sein.

Dr. Simonet added th dunian officials informa the Jordanian position several issues, particu Middle East issue, the d of the Arah-Israelidispu causes of instability in th said he also discussed which Europe could pl olving the Middle East

NATIONAL

Postal rates set to rise

AMMAN, June 22 (Petra) - Postal rates on all types of mail are again headed for an increase--but mail service users here can breathe easily at least until next year.

Communications Minister Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben today announced new postal rates for letters, parcels and cards sent by surface or air mail. He said the new rates will take effect as of the beginning of 1982 in Jordan, the member states of the Arab Postal Union (APU) and Pakistan, though rates are to increase on July 1, 1981 in other countries.

Dr. Zaben explained that the increase was recently approved by the cabinet, and comes in implementation of the resolutions of the 18th conference of the International Postal Union, held in Brazil in

The new rates for letters are to be as follows, according to destination: within Jordan, member states of the APU and Pakistan: 40 fils for up to 20 grammes, 80 fils from 20-50 grammes. 100 fils from 50-100 grammes, 200 fils from 100-250 grammes, 406 fils from 250-500 grammes, 600 fils from 500 to 1,000 grammes and 1,000 fils from 1,000 to 2,000 grammes.

Other countries: 75 fils up to 20 grammes, 135 fils from 20 to 50 grammes, 180 fils from 50 to 100 grammes, 360 fils from 100 to 250 grammes, 700 fils from 250 to 500 grammes. 1,200 fils from 500 to 1,000 grammes and 1,800 fils from 1,000 to 2,000 gra-

For postal cards, the rate is 30 fils within Jordan and the member: states of the APU and Pakistan, and 45 fils in other countries.

For air mail letters within the member states of the APU and Pakistan: 60 fils for the first 10 grammes or part thereof, African, Asian and European countries 125 fils: other countries 200 fils. For each additional 10 grrammes or part thereof, 25 fils in APU member states and Pakistan, 60 fils for African, Asian and European countries and 100 fils for other

Postal cards by air mail: 45 fils in APU member states and Pakistan, 80 fils of African, Asian and European countries and 100 fils for the other countries.

Aerogramme letters: 40 fils to APU member states and Pakistan,

New Aqaba hotel designed

AMMAN, June 22 (Petra) - Jordan Hotels and Resthouses

Corporation (Restco) will receive during the coming ten days the

designs of the new Agaba hotel. The director general of Restco

Mr. Faridoun Hikmat said that the present hotel will be replaced

FURNISHED APARTMENT

FOR RENT

Furnished ground floor apartment consists of two bed-

Location: Doctors Housing Estate

Tel. 61543 after 12 noon.

Furnished Apartment for Rent

Jabal Luwiebdeh close to Terra Sancta School and Sho-

pping. Spaclous three bedrooms, centrally heated and par-

tially airconditioned. Telephone. Possible rent unfurnished

for residence or offices. Reasonable terms. Owner leaving

kitchen is.

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Jabai Amman, 3rd Circle, New Insurance Bldg.

Al Wihdat: Opposite Al Wihdat Police Station.

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rooms, guests room, and accessories. Centrally heated.

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SHOW ROOMS:

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Down Town: Opposite Arab Bank

Jabal Al Husseln: Firas Circle.

80 fils to African, Asian and European countries and 1960 file to other countries.

Printed matter and small parcels by air mail. 35 fils for each 20 grammes or part thereof to APU member states and Pakistan, 65 fils to African, Asian and European countries and 85 tils for other countries. For each additional 20 grammes or part thereof. 20 fifs to APU member states and Pakistan, 30 fils to African, Astan, and European countries and 50 fils for other countries.

For publications printed in Jordan, mailed within the member states of the Arab Postal Union and Pakistant 15 ffts up to 20 grammes, 30 fils from 20 to 50 grammas, 40 fils from 50 to 100 grammes, 60 fils from 100 to 250 grammes, 130 fils from 250 to 500 grammes, 180 fils from 500 to 1,000 grammes, 260 fils from 1,000 to 2,000 grammes and 130 file for each additional 1,000 grammes. For other countries, 40 fils up to 20 grammus, 60 fils from 20 to 50 grammes, 170 fils from 100 to 250 grammes, 510 fils from 250 to 500 grammes, 500 fils from 500 to 12000 grammes, 620 fils from 1,000 to 2,000 grammes and 310 fils for each additional 1.000 grammes.

Small parcels in Jordan, APU member states and Pakistan: 45 fileup to 100 grammes, 70 fils from 100 to 250 grammes, 120 fils 250 to 500 grammes and 200 fils from 500 to 1,000 grammes. For other countries, 75 fils up to 100 grammes, 130 fils from 100 to 250 grammes, 230 fils from 250 to 500 grammes and 570 fils from 500 to 1,000 grammes.

Air mail printed maner for the use of the blind: 20 fils to each 20 grammes or part thereof to APU member states and Pakistan, 39 fils to the African. Asian and European countries and 45 fils to other countries of the world.

Surface mail parcels within Jordan: 255 fils for each kilogramme. 320 fils for each three kilogrammes, 380 fils for each five kilogrammes, 480 fils for each 10 kilogrammes, 575 fils for each 15

kilogrammes and ID 1.235 for each 20 kilogrammes. Surface mail parcels to APU member states JD 1.145 for each kilogramme, JD 1.710 for each three kilogrammes, JD 2.410 for each five kilogrammes, JD 3.715 for each 10 kilogrammes, JD 5.450 for each 15 kilogrammes and JD 6.960 for each 20 kil-

Iraqi military delegation is here

AMMAN, June 22 [Petra] - Commander in chief of the Jordanian Armed Forces Lt. Gen, Sharil Zaid Ibn Shaker today mei with the visiting Iraqi military college delegation. The head of the Iraqi delegation conveyed the greetings of the Iraqi defence minister to Gen, Sharif Zaid.

Cabinet fixes

grain prices

for government

AMMAN, June 22 (Petra) - The

cabinet decided at yesterday's ses-

sion under Prime Minister Mudar

Badran to purchase wheat, barley

and lentils from farmers this sea-

Prices were fixed at: JD 110/

tonne for grain seed: JD 75-90/

tonne for food wheat: up to JD

70/tonne for barley, and up to JD

The cabinet authorised the min-

isters of agriculture and supply

and the director of the Coo-

perative Organisation to form

technical committees for this pur-

pose. It also authorised the min-

ister of finance, under emergency

expenditures regulations, to pay

PHILIPS

1.80/tonne for lentils.

for the purchase.

Make DEEP FREEZERS suitable for every

house and every budget. It is made to serve

for a long time no matter what size your

WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibitions

- ""City Reflections" displaying photographs of the City of London, by Brian Wigginton, at the British Council in Jabal Amman,
- An exhibition of photographs of the American West by the American photographer Ansel Adams, at the American Centre, off Third Circle in Jabal Amman.

Lecture

 The Friends of Archaeology present an illustrated lecture entitled "Wadi Al Hase Survey 1981", by Dr. Burton MacDonald, at 7 p.m., at the American Centre of Oriental Research.

Videotape programme

* Videotape summary of CBS television news for the past week, at noon and 4 p.m., at the centre's auditorium, off Third Circle in Jabal Amman.

Gymnastic exhibition

* Gymnastic exhibition by the German football club Alemaoia, at 6 p.m., at the Alia Teachers Training Centre in Shmeisani.

for reservation 41361/2 Ammans most experienced hotel HOTEL CONTINENTAL

entific Society (RSS).

In an opening speech, ICD Dir-

Awqaf aide returns

after Mecca confab

on Islamic issues

AMMAN, June 22 (Petra) -

Minister of Awapt and Islamic

Afters Kamel Al Sharif returned

near from Saudi Arabia after tak-

me part in the conference of the

magai ministers of Islamic cou-

Mr. Sharit fold the Jordan News

Agency that the Jordanian del-

egation submitted various res-

earth papers relating to all the iss-

was with which the conference was

concerned -- those of Islamic pro-

paganda. Jerusalem and the occ-

He added that the concerned

ministries in Islamic countries are

ready to support the Jordanian

awaat ministry in extending its

cultural activities in Jerusalem and

The Jordanian delegation dis-

eased the organisation of a pro- office and the minister.

the occupied Arab territories.

upied Arah territories.

nines held in Mecca last week.

pollution.

"The River that Came Clean"was presented, portraying the events that turned the River Thames in England from a lifeless, stinking body of water into an extremely clean river that now supports most known river-bred aquatic life, including the highly prized Salmon. Landowners, in fact now view the

The film was followed by two ipers presented by Mr. Ken Wyatt, a British chemical engineer who advises some Jordanian industries on waste water treatment. Mr. Wyatt concentrated on the chemical and biochemical aspects of waste water, and then went on

ditions that prevail in Jordan. He further discussed treatment plants themselves, concentrating on the engineering and technological considerations governing the design. Mr. Wyatt acknowledged and

its expertise in this subject to the rest of the Arab World, he said.

film on the use of sludge in agriculture will be shown.

A visit to a waste water treatment plant is proposed for Wednesday morning.

Department at the Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities have said that 427,699 tourists visited Jordan during the first four months of this year.

The officials added that 54,646 tourists visited Jordan from Europe during that period, compared to a figure of 44,139 in the same period last year: an increase of 24 per cent. Tourists from the United States in the first four months of this year totalled 31,419 compared

Jordan, and the souvenir merchants association, are preparing a draft charter for a Jordanian Chamber of Tourism to regulate tourist activities in Jordan. The Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities has expressed its preparedness to support this chamber and to cooperate with it to serve Jordanian tourism.

companies will begin sending weekly tourist groups to Jordan, particularly to Aqaba, as of July. One French company has already begun sending groups to Aqaba, at an average rate of 151 tourists a week since March.

Italian-made speedboat with a capacity of five passengers, equipped with a 115-horsepower Evinrude out-board (Evenrude engine). In good condition. Used for 15 hours only; ideal for water-skiing and short trips. Please contact Mr. Nadim at the Holiday Inn, Aqaba.

and up to June 27.

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Hamarneh flies to Madrid meeting on tourist rights

AMMAN, June 22 (Petra) - Director General of Tourism Michael Hamarneh today left for Madrid to take part in the meetings of a ten-member committee of the World Tourism Organisation, which will start tomorrow. The team will discuss the final form of a proposed intemational tourism 'bill of rights' to be raised at the general meeting of the organisation at the end of

Mr. Hamameh said the pact will secure the rights of tourists in all countries.

Apropos of this, he announced that the Ministry of Tourism will require tourist offices to pay restitution to their clients if services paid for are not fully provided. He added that the ministry will not allow offices to advertise tour programmes without ministry app-

RSS seminar discusses waste water treatment

gramme for the coming pilgrimage

season with the Saudi minister of

pilgrimage and awquf, he added. The delegation consisted of the

director of awaaf of Irbid Gov-

emorate, the head of Mr. Sharif's

Effective action on effluents to save the sources of water available and suitable to the conector Arafat Tamemi welcomed By a Jordan Times the speakers and guests to the

seminar. He stressed the sen-

sitivity of the subject to be dis-,

cussed, in the light of industrial

development as well as population

expansion, which are the major

Staff Reporter

AMMAN, June 22 - A two-day seminar on waste water and waste water treatment began today at the Industrial Chemistry Department (ICD) at the Royal Sci-

contributors to waste water problems. He added that there is a need to develop knowledge of the technological aspects of waste water treatment plants in order to abide by specifications for industrial effluents set by the govemment as a measure to cuntrol Following the introductory talk

by Dr. Tamemi, a film entitled

Thames as a symbol of metropolitan pride.

to the treatment processes that are

praised the work done in Jordan in this field, and expressed the feeling that Jordan is one of the leaders in the Arab World in giving the subject of waste water a great deal of importance, Jordan can in the near future be ready to export

The seminar is attended by representatives of various government departments and the private sector, as well as members of

Further learners and discussions will take place tomorrow, concerning the re-use of water, by product recovery and sludge disposal and technical and legal aspects of waste water treatment. A paper to be presented will conlysis of waste water and the role of the RSS in this endeavour, and a

Tourist entries continue rise

'AMMAN, June 22 (Petra) - Officials of the Tourism Marketing

to 23,043 tourists in the same period last year.

Meanwhile, the association of tourist, travel and hotel agents in.

In another development, a group of French international tourism

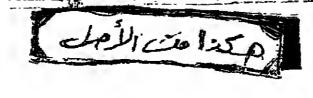
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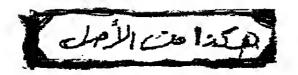


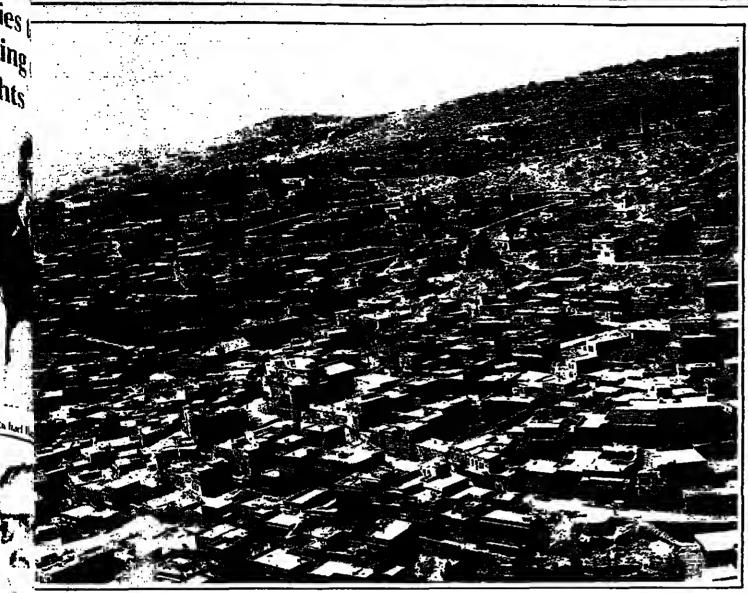
Michael Hand

praises pres

institute. Mr. Kayed reviewed

Hotel school to go region





A modern festival for an ancient town

By Mohammad Ayish Special to the Jordan Times

LT - Jordanians who have never been to arnival before will soon have the oppunity to see one -- not in Europe or the ited States, but in the hilly town of Salt. If parations continue as planned, the event take place by the end of this summer.

iginated the idea of boilding h carnival in Salt and the municipality approved it," yef Khalifa who works as a

ws producer. He told the Times that the scene of the has also been agreed out slight differences remr the procedures.

"Arab Carnival", as it is consists of tens of activities ng Arab culture in general e Jordan environment in

programme, planned to be ont in the western hills of) (1) Rerlooking the Jordan Val-Il feature competitions of it kinds. "We are planning a borse races of different is to be accompanied by a _ vi - " race and a chariot race,"

the Khalifa. events include per-2 on different musical instruments, debkes foot-tapping dances as well as other traditional folk items mirroring the traditions and values of the Jordanian soc-

The town's rich appearance with vineyards and olive groves will also influence the type of programmes to be offered at the carnival. Mr. Khalifa told the Jordan Times that dances representing the cultivating seasons in Salt area are important elements of the Arab Carnival

In another corner, kiosks featuring traditional Arah costumes as well as information on how they are used, will be set up.

But mobility is an important aspect of the festival, according to Mr. Khalifa. He said a religious march will proceed through the area to the sound of religious songs and music. Marchers will also include the Badia soldiers riding their camels as well as public security horsemen. the Jordan Valley, a rest house will be huilt for visitors. This rest

"All those represent the cultural and recreational aspects of the carnival, but other aspects are commercial and touristic," said Mr. Khalifa.

All contributing companies will have a special wing at the carnival and they include banks, factories, commercial establishments, crafts shops, and agricultural producers. There will also be shopping areas with Arabic items at kinds. "All workers at these places have to wear a traditional uniform that reflects Arah culture," Mr. Khalifa said.

He added that items exhibited at the commercial wing include kitchen accessories of the traditional Arah home, Arah costume in time of peace and war, agricultural tools and traditional Arab games like chess and tricktrack or backgammon.

Another corner will be devoted to traditional Arah medicine which includes drugs and how to use them.

But the most impressive section in the commercial wing will be that on crafts, according to Mr. Khalifa. That section will include a wide variety of handicrafts - like camel-bair tents and rugs, pottery, brass work, straw chairs, bamboo tables, fur, coffee grinders, wood pipes and head covers (kofiveh).

On the flat plain overlooking

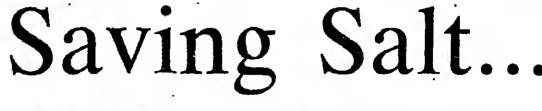
house will serve traditional Arab drinks and food, particularly cof-

Though financial problems may cause a set-back, "We will carry on undaunted," said Mr. Khalifa. The carnival is estimated to cost JD 45,000 and the money would come from public and private donations.

The Ministry of tourism is expave JD 3000, the Cha mber of Commerce JD 2000, the Chamber of Industry another 2000, financial establishments JD 5000, the royal court JD 5000, the Housing Bank JD 2500, Arab donations JD 7500 and private donations JD 2500. Advertising in newspapers and radio and television is expected to be free of charge.

The implementation of the project is the responsibility of the Higher Tourism Committee in Salt which is made of the municipal council and other advisors interested in the promotion of

To attain its goals rapidly, the Salt Tourism Committee formed several subsidiary committees to deal in their respective fields. The committees are the financial, construction, technical, cultural, religious, agricultural and medical coordination and supply and communication.



By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jurdan Times

SALT — In another 10 years, by 1991, the unique beauty of the old town of Salt will have disappeared for ever, if conservation plans are not put into action in the very near future. This is the warning and prediction of Dr. Abdul Razzak Nsour, the town's mayor, who along with many others is deeply concerned about the preservation of the old buildings that make Salt the attractive town it is.

Demands for the conservation

of Salt are not new; but they did

not start soon enough to prevent

the demolition of the centre of Salt

in 1963, when three of the finest

huildings were destroyed -- the

old mosque, the Ottoman council

building and the yellow stone

120-year-old soug. The con-

servation programme was ini-

tiated unofficially four years ago

by three friends -- Dr. Said Al

Tal, Dr. Kamel Ahu Jaber and

fmally Mr. Adnan Bakheet, all

prominent Saltis who told the Jor-

dan Times the story of their ideas.

obtain one of the old houses in Salt

in order to turn it into a museum

and library, where all the old gov-

emment records and papers per-

taining to Salt could be preserved

and displayed; and where, also, all

the old traditions in costume,

kery could be shown.

Originally the whole idea was to

Dr. Nsour feels the time to act is now, before any more demolition of the town's old houses takes place - the last 20 years have seen some of the finest buildings being reduced to rubble by the developers' bulldozers - and while there are still three old streets left, almost completely preserved.

Salt is one of the oldest cities in Jordan, with evidence of settlement on the site since 300 B.C.-In those days, and up until the last century, the countryside around Salt was densely forested - hence. according to some authorities, the name, from the Greek saltus, meaning forest. The present old buildings date back over 100 years, and their architecture has many unique aspects.

To the layman the charm of Salt lies in the narrow stairs that curvily climb between the bumanly proportioned houses. It is felt in the long slender arched windows reflecting the blue sky between the soft yellow hues of the old locally quarried stones, and in the narrow sougs, the wide doorways, the cool thickness of the crumbling walls, the light and shade, the pleasing geometry of the flat roofs. "Oh," breathed one recent

visitor, "at last a real Arah town." In fact, as any architect will tell you, the style of Salt is not truly Islamic -- the domes and "hidden architecture" are missing - and the style is best described as "Mediterranean architecture inf-luenced by Islam". The design of the old huildings is, therefore, basically Ottoman; and because of the flourishing trade with Europ a bundred years ago, many Saltis had the means to acquire an Italian taste. Hence the delicate workmanship of the coiling columns and Roman-style capitals around some of the doors and windows.

The Islamic influence is seen in the arched windows - the half circle being the most perfect shape for the Muslims, representing as it does the present life - the circle being completed with life after But it is the construction in yel-

low stone that is one of the most interesting aspects of Salt's architecture. The delicate colour of the stone is enhanced by the way the masons used to cut it - a method known as matabbeh -- which made the surface of the stone very smooth and left no margin, no frame. The continuity between one stone and the next was thus complete, especially as the masons used a type of white takheel or filling material - not the normal black material that defines the outlines of each individual stone in today's modern stone huildings. The course of the stone - that is, its height - is approximately twice the size of today's course - a minimum of 40 centimetres as opposed to 25, which gives the buildings an old and weighty per-

According to Dr. Nsour there are two distinct types of old Salt houses, the more common Nabulsi type and the less frequently found Salti agricultural type. The slimmer inset arched doorways in yellow stone are characteristic of the houses huilt by the people of Nablus when they arrived in Jordan at the beginning of this century, at a time when Palestine was experiencing something of a population explosion and an economic heyday. Expansion was the order of the day, and the traders from Nahlus came to Salt, as it was the place nearest to them. The traders' numbers were swelled by those avoiding Ottoman conscription (Salt was then a kind of no-man's land under the rule of bedouin sheikhs, and out of Ottoman jurisdiction) and by those avoiding the punishment of law and order.

But the original Salti design includes the wide, doorways which allowed to space for the animals and the store rooms, with the hack of the house and the upper floors reserved for human occupation.

All these points add up to very aesthetically pleasing buildings, with the perfect proportions of the long thin windows and doors, the colour and the feelings the huildings exude of antiquity and times gone by.

Salt, who was at that time concerned with means of improving and encouraging tourism in the area. Their idea fitted the hill, and was officially adopted. A special sub-committee was formed to do an economic feasibility study and to study the necessary legislation. It was decided to approach the Ahu Jaber family in order to convince them to donate their huge, centrally located old house in Salt, with its unusual enclosed arched-windowed veranda, to serve as a home for the museum. The family willingly agreed to this proposal.

One of the actions of the committees was to request the government to pass legislation prohibiting the people of Salt from destroying any old house or building unless they committed themselves to building a new house on the old site, in exactly the same style as the one they were going to demolish: a law unfortunately not yet passed.

Other recommendations that could be enforced by the local council, however, are effective; and have been put into practice by both the former mayor of Salt and Dr. Nsour. These include stipulations that no license will be awarded for new huildings and development unless the style of the new huildings is in harmony with the general style of Salt; that all the new huildings must he constructed in the original yellow Salt stone, and that where possible old buildings must be restored and rehuilt with the original fallen pie-

dress, jewelry, cosmetics and coo-During the last couple of years In 1978 they approached Mr. two coincidences have occurred Diab Yousef, then governor of that helped the small group of

conservationists considerably. First the Arab League Educational, Cultural and Scientific Organisation (ALECSO) proposed the same ideals of conservation for all old Arab cities, and second, a national body was established under the patronage Her Majesty Queen Noor for the preservation of old buildings of every kind in Jordan. Both of these influential bodies gave their backing and support to the Salt conservation effort and hopes have been growing that the town may after all be saved.

But the problem is still far from-solved, and as Dr. Nsour says, the local council of Salt needs full central government backing if the preservation of Salt is to succeed. Dr. Nsour says the government should buy all the old houses and huildings by compulsory purchase morder to preserve them, and that new houses must be provided for those Saltis who do not find it con-

venient to live in the old places. With regard to the future devclopment of Salt, the consulting firm Dar Al Handasah has submitted free of charge a scheme which Dr. Nsour says is perfect -the new bouses blend with the old and nothing will be demolished. This is probably because the firm's representative, Dr. Henry, really appreciated the old town -- exclaiming that Salt was "another

So it is now largely up to the government to save Salt, as only it has the ultimate legislative power and financial means. Is the conservation of Salt worth it? There can only be one answer -- it most definitely is.



'At last a true Arab city!' (Photos by Dr. Fawzi Zayadin)

JWA president speaks of work in Jordanian writers' interest

By Badran Badran Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, June 22 - Recommendations for defending the legal and professional rights of Jordanian and Arah writers were included in a paper prepared recently by the Jordanian Writers' Association (JWA), the association's president said today.

Dr. Abdul Rahman Yaghi said the paper will be the association's answer to a first draft circulated by the general secretariat of the General Union of Arab Writers. The Jordanian and Arab proposals will be studied at the 13th conference of the union, due to be held in North Yemen next autumn.

Dr. Yaghi was speaking to the Jordan Times during celebrations on the occasion of the association's seventh anniversary and the inauguration of its fourth annual festival, which opened today at the Professional Associations Complex in Shmeisani and will last until Thursday, June 25.

These and other steps are part of the association's effort to serve the interests of writers in Jordan and represent them both locally and regionally, Dr. Yaghi con-

These steps include organising Sunday and Wednesday seminars in which writers, ministers, professors, critics and occasionally exiled Palestinians personages take part. In addition, many local seminars have been held in Amman, Zarqa, Madaba, Ramtha and Mafraq. These activities were



Abdul Rahman Yaghi

co-sponsored by the Soviet Cultural Centre, the Jordan-Bulgaria Friendship Society, the Women's Union and other local groups and associations, the president said.

The association has also published 12 books this year, and preparations are under way to publish a "special file" prepared by members of the association.

Interaction with the local envtronment is, according to Dr. Yaghi, important cornerstone of the association's policy. To illustrate his point, he cited recent contacts carried out with the associations of dramatists and artists. Such contacts, he said, are aimed at coordinating cultural events in Jordan and creating a climate of professional interaction among

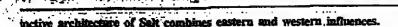
Other facets of local involvement include the association's participation in seminars on child

literature, in which many children bave taken active part. In addition, the association has formed a special committee entrusted with the task of protecting and supervising the folkloric and cultural heritage in occupied Palestine. from persistent Zionist cultural invasion, the JWA president continued.

The association has also steadily increased its presence in regional and international arenas this year. Delegations representing the association have travelled to Tunisia, Libya, the USSR. Mongolia and Czechoslovakia, in accordance with existing cultural agreements with these and other parties. Moreover, the association has signed new agreements with the writers' unions of Morocco, Palestine, Bahrain, Libya, Algeria and Bulgaria, Dr. Yaghi said.

After reviewing the achievements of the Jordanian writers' Association for the past year, Dr. Yaghi summarised the problems facing the association in its forthcoming eighth season. The most pressing issue, he said, was that of securing additional rights for writers in Jordan, within a lawful framework of action. The JWA president also anticipates hudgetary difficulties, especially with the husy agenda the association is preparing for next year.

Finally, Dr. Yaghi expressed the associations desire to be able to publish its own independent paper in the future, and called on the news media in Jordan to become more active participants in cultural events in the future.



Responsible Editor:

official does not weaken tace of a well-organia well-transced of very ilctons group. The election of Mo Mitterrand proved the France, democracy we

been ovetcome. As a to and an experienced and informed politician an tesman, Monsieur Min-should tecognise the Arabs, whether Left; R Centre, wish lum and hi . . mistration the good will tand his great nation & ical thinking will, here: win over the clamour of a that minutity and Mc Minerand will, hop maintan, indeed expan horizons of Franco-Am peration. We hope that t mindedness sbuwn: i Begin attack on the lear lear research incility net helad will be tolkswed by fairminited moves ear the already existing a Franco-Arab cooperate hope that President Mile will prove that French oeracy is for the benefit. not just for one minoring ever vocifernus at now

By Kamel S. Abu Ja

Democracy- devious ways to a simple goal

nt of Directors

ISRAEL'S ATTACK ON the nuclear reactor near Baghdad and the crisis over Syrian missiles in Lebanon have combined to wipe out virtually any trace of what was once the main issue in this month's general election - the economy and three-figure inflation.

By David Lennon

Begin's

electoral

fightback

Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin's recent actions have

brought his Likud Party back into the reckoning in this month's

elections. Whoever wins, the stage is set for the same length: haggling over the formation of a new ruling coalition.

The shift has helped to turn Mr. Menachem Begin, the prime minister, from looking like a sure-fire loser at the beginning of the year, into a man who appears more and more likely to form the next government, if anyone can.

The outcome of the June 30 election could provide an unparalleled cliff hanger in terms of coalition-forming. With the pollis predicting the Likud and Labour parties running neek and neck, the balance of power may rest with a group of small parties, all but one of which could support either main party.

Mr. Begin is only too well aware of the electoral importance of looking like a tough and daring lea-

Against the barrage of publicity mostly from Mr. Begin himself -first on the missiles and now on the Baghdad air strike, the opposition has had little leverage. Basically, they agree about the need to remove the Syrian missiles from Lehanon and also approve the destruction of the Iraqi nuclear plant.

The two main parties' campaigns are concentrating on the question of leadership. The Likud is emphasising Mr. Begin's qua-linies, comparing them with the cool public image of Mr. Shimon Peres of the Labour Party.

Labour, for its part, is emp-hasising that Mr. Begin is unrcliable and subject to sharp fluctuations of mood, while it has a team of experienced and thoughtful candidates, highly suited to cabinet posts.

At the beginning of last year, the opinion polls forecast a major defeat for the ruling Likud block. They said it would receive as few as 20 seats in the 120-member Knesset (parliament), while the forecast for Labour was 60 seats. or possibly more. Today, the polls give the two main parties about 43.

The reason for the Likud's rise was first a new economic policy voico abandoned all pretence at trying to cure basic ills but concentrated instead on making the electorate feel better by holding prices down through subsidies and cuts in purchase taxes.

The boost this gave the government appeared to breathe new life into Mr. Begin, who until then had looked resigned to defeat.

The whiff of electoral challenge galvanised the listless Likud leader into a series of actions and statements over Lebanon, Iraq and West Germany which have left everyone breathless and his traditional supporters cheering him to the rooftops.

At the same time, the Labour Party became over-confident after the earlier predictions. It allowed internal squabbles to spill over

into public. The party is also definitely suf-fering from Mr. Peres' negative image as a nut wholly trustworthy person, a man inclined to trim his sails a little too pragmatically, and a leader lacking in personal cha-

In the past few weeks the opion polls have stabilised somewhat. and indeed many people today say they see little to choose between the two major parties. People have not totally forgotten the Likud's inept performance on many domestic issues, especially inflation. At the same time, Lab-our's continued infighming has failed to convince the public that it has a fresb and talented leadership.

But it must not be forgutten that 36 parties are fighting the election, although no more than 15 are expected to win seats. Many will be single-seat parties. Five or six of them should win between five and 10 seats each, and the way these seats go could prave crucial in the coalition bargaining.

Two parties -- on the extreme Right and extreme Left of the political spectrum - are expected to pick up four or five seats each but to remain outside the coalition whether formed by Labour nr Likud. These are the Communists and the ultra-nationalist Tehiva of

Mrs. Geula Cohen. The two mavericks in the pack of "also rans" are Mr. Moshe Dayan, a former fureign and defence minister, and Mr. Aharon Ahuhatzeira, the religious affairs minister, who has broken away from the National Religious Party after being acquitted recently on charges of taking bribes.

Mr. Dayan, having served with both main parties, may pick up-votes from people disgruntled with them both. A current poll suggests he will get four seats.

Mr. Abuhatzeira is also expected to do well by campaigning on the ethnic issue, claiming he was brought to trial only because he is Sephardic (oriental) Jew, the largest group in Israeli society, who feel they are second-class citizens in a system dominated by western Ashkenazi Jews. Like the National Religious

Party, these two new parties must be wooed by Likud and Laboor if either party is to form a coalition. But because of the possible dif-

ficulty in reconciling these splinter groups to the main party platforms, some Israeli voices, nutably that of Mr. Ezer Weizman, the former defence minister, are suggesting it may prove virtually impossible to create a stable coalition. Yet another election may have to be called before the year is

FINANCIAL TIMES NEWS **FEATURES**

SINCE THE FRENCH REVOLUTION of 1789, the people of France have changed their constitution and their style of government at least 11 times. Each time, the search was for a government more responsive to the will of the majority; and each time the change was of major proportions: from the ancien regime to the Directorate: then to the Consulate: from the first Napoleonic Empire to the Bourbon rule once again; then to another monarchist system under the House of Orleans; then Napoleon III and IV, and

With the French, democracy does not seem to be only a system of government. It is almost an insatiable quest to reconcile freedom with order. In the French marketplace of ideas, the French Revolution generated it own ideas and momentum as it generated conservative thought, best expressed by Comte de Maistre. Rousseau's concept of the "general will", in which the will of the majority is almost sac-rosanct, added further dimension and yet more confusion to the stream of thought. Soc-

finally, to the Fifth Republic

established by Charle De Gau-

lle in 1958.

ialist, Marxist, Christian Democratic and other ideologies added further tu the already rich mosaic of French politics.

POLITICAL HORIZON

While the conflict of ideas seems at times irreconcilable and very confusing, it is ultimately a search, on the popular, party and official levels, for further means whereby demucracy can be made to work better. Democracy is a very difficult

system of government. Looking at it from the vantage point of the ruling elite, it is a cumbersome, hurdensome, expensive, seemingly incfficient, seemingly spectacularly deficient system of government in which une has to ask the opinion of the people, often not well informed, concerning processes and pol-icies which often they do nut understand. The Greeks were very concerned with the problems of demncracy, and while they recognised most of its inefficiencies and deficiencies, Pericles, Socrates, Aristntle and even Plato concluded by extolling it as the best system of government. Plato put so much thought into trying to design a democratically virtuous system of government that he ended up with his famous "republic" which is both the most democratic and virtuous and at the same time the most totalitation system of government.

Yet it is nice, even touching. to witness a people and then leaders at least trying. Perhaps. like many people say, the French will end up with yet another dictatorship, or worse maybe. But the uttempt itself is a good one and the aim is in the right direction.

Linguistically democracy is of Greek origin: "Demos meaning people and craer. Kraim. Kratos, meaning strength. power. Together, the term has come to denote government by the people, tule of the majority or a government in which the supreme power is vested in the people and exercised by them, directly or indirectly, through a system of representation, usually involving periodically-held free elections. Reading carefully this definition of democracy, one is immediately struck by both the apparent simplicity of the concept and the complicated machinery and level of awareness needed to make it operate. It is a good, it terribly expensive, system of government. It is best when the local pressures and interests ean balance each other and when the elected president or



By checking reformism

Moscow hopes to avoid military intervention in Polar

By Sidney Weiland

LONDON - Western diplomats believe Moscow may be embarking on a long-haul political effort to check Polish reformism in hopes of avoiding military intervention.

The assessment remains highly tentative and is based on an analysis that the Kremlin's room for manoeuvre has been sharply reduced, necessitating a new approach to the Polish crisis.

Officials think, as they have done for months, that a military crackdown is still possible and could come at any time. But there is growing confidence that it may not be inevitable.

Moscow failed to delay a special Polisb party congress next month which is likely to endorse broader democratisation.

The first democratically-elected congress since communist rule, it is expected to dislodge remaining pro-Soviet hardliners and bring more radical leaders into the party's top echelons. While the Soviet Union has used force twice to

crush rebel movements in eastern Europe, analysts believe the hazards this time are incomparably greater.

The 1956 invasion of Hungary took place in a cold war period when there was no risk of imperilling east-west relations, and the revolt was swi-

was no grassroots movement for reform and no The Polish reform movement is firmly anchored in a swelling free trade union organisation, Solidarity, which claims 10 million supporters, about

fily crushed. In Czechoslovakia, in 1968, there

one million inside party ranks. Solidarity leader Lech Walesa has warned that intervention by the Soviet Union to overturn gains made in the last 10 months would be "the biggest, senseless mistake which they could make."

Mr. Walesa said the 36 million Poles would resist both actively and passively, forcing Moscowto deal with a hostile, non-cooperative population while simultaneously taking over economic burdens that have defied solution for 25 years. In foreign policy terms, a Soviet invasion would

revival of the detente process which he bas stamped as a highly personal policy. President Reagan and other western leaders have told Moscow repeatedly that a crackdown in

doom President Leonid Brezhnev's hopes for a

Poland would destroy detente and turn the clock back on east-west relations for a long time. Mr. Reagan said this week that "the impact on

the rest of the world... would be tremendous." Western analysts believe these are compelling reasons for the Soviet Unioo to desist, although there is almost unanimous agreement among NATO officials that Moscow would take the risk if it decided its vital security interests were thr-

Analysts say that while Polish reform is totally unacceptable to Moscow and is seen by the Kremlin as ulomately dangerous, there is no threat to security or public order as yet. They believe the Soviet Union will mount still

heavier pressure on Poland's leaders to keep reform under control, and that pressure and attempts to split the leadership will increase as the July 14 congress approaches.

There is speculation this may include manoeuvres around Poland's borders, as happened during a previous crisis, last spring, Soviet bloc manoeuvres are often held in July.

But there is a growing belief that Moscow may decide to live with the Polish movement, at least for some time yet, in hopes that it can be contained

within manageable limits.

Party Header Stanislaw Kania last wcck pledged continued support for Poland's process of 'odnowa' (renewal), but conceded some Soviet criticisms and fears were justified.

He promised to try to regain Soviet confidence by curbing excesses and announced a clampdown on press freedom. Mr. Walesa has also warned against reformism spiralling out of control.

Some analysts think Soviet leaders may be ready to tangle with the Poles over a prolonged period-"may be for as long as five years, who knows?" a U.S. diplomat says.

When Polish strikes started last summer, forcing a steady series of government concessions, the Soviet Union seemed genuinely afraid the movement might prove contagious elsewhere in eastern Europe.

This concern has been diminished by a growing awareness in the Soviet bloc that the Polish historical experience is unique and is not necessarily relevant for other countries,

Western diplomats believe Poland's dependence on Soviet oil and trade outlets will dictate prudence, helping Mr. Kania restrain militants who seek even more fundamental changes.

"So far, common sense has prevailed, and I am sure it will continue to do so," Mr. Walesa tuld a Warsaw factory meeting last week, "People want peace." He has called for Solidarity to limit its political involvement.

Analysts believe the crunch issues for Moscow are whether Poland's leaders can preserve communist authority and prevent chaos. They think the critical point may come if the

Kremlin decides it can no longer depend on Poland's loyalty to the Warsaw Pact, the seven-nation communist military alliance, and the security of army rail links with East Germany. They expect Moscow may seek to reinforce as

two tank divisions in Poland--about 20,000 men and 650 tanks--to safeguard lines of communication against possible sabotage.

Whether this can be done with Polish agr-

cement is regarded as questionable. Soviet reinforcement would be seen as another form of pressure, but analysts believe the Poles might accept in order to head of harsher methods of intervention.

The permutations of the Polish drama have kindled interest in whether the Soviet Union may eventually accept a limited form of landisation" for Poland.

The term has been applied to Finland's se postwar relationship with the Soviet Unic Despite periods of intense pressure fi giant communist neighbour and former c Finland has maintained its strong western ocratic traditions while pursuing a cautio eign policy that acknowledges Soviet politierests.

Western experts have begun to specular similar relationship for Poland. But they > analogy with neutral Finland is tenuous are are powerful arguments against such a sol Unlike Finland, Poland's membership

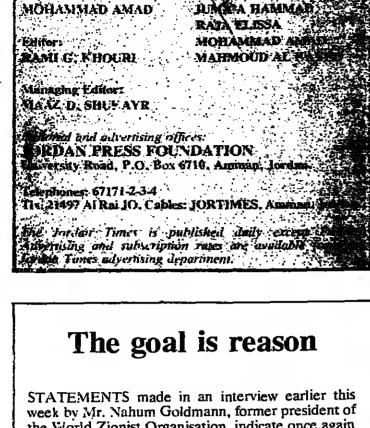
Warsaw Pact and its pivotal position as the bloc's second largest state impose stric ological limits on its freedom of movemen Any such arrangement for Poland wor revolutionary, so far. Hungary is the onl European state which has succeeded in crea

domestic model. Moseow has acquiesced in a 13-231-old garian experiment with economic reform there is virtually no political descrit and apest's loyalty to Moscow is unchallenged.

While the Soviet Union is certain to reje compromise involving diminution of the munist Party's leading role, some analysis halfway solution for Poland cannot be rule This would acknowledge Poland's special torical position and the inevitability of char the country's domestic policies, making it po for gradual reforms and democratisation

ahead under strict party control. But analysts say it would call for a Prof reassessment of Saviet strategy in eastern Fo would involve heavy political and military and would be highly unlikely to gain Kremlit eptance in the short term.

Reuter



the World Zionist Organisation, indicate once again that there are Jews in the world who are ready to deal rationally with the Palestinian issue on the basis of a Palestinian state as a solution to the Palestinian people's demand for self-determination. The most recent public opinion polls in Israel, however, giving Prime Minister Menachem Begin and his party a growing majority in this month's parliamentary elections, would reaffirm our belief that the vast majority of Israelis are not vet ready to deal reasonably and honestly with the fact of the Palestinian people and their demand for national rights in Palestine.

The past decade has shown that there is a growing. if still relatively small, movement within the cominunities of Jews in Western Europe and North America questioning the warrior policies of successive Israeli governments, and asking whether the security and fulfilment of the Jewish people in Israel could not be better assured by a policy of making peace with the Palestinians and all the Arabs, instead of making perpetual war. The Jewish communities of the West are used as a potent tool of Zionist policy-making inside individual states, particularly the United States, Great Britain and France. It would be appropriate now for the Arab World as a whole, working through the Arab League, to embark on a major campaign to make Western Jews aware of the realities of the Middle East. This would primarily involve inviting thousands the most active Jewish leaders in the West to visit the Arab World, to learn our realities at first hand. From knowledge comes understanding, realism and reason.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

AL RAI: Menachem Begin's government issued a statement yesterday in response to the U.N. Security Council resolution condemning the Zionist attack against Iraq. This statement epitomises the Zionist stand toward the present and future of this region and declares with all clarity and insistence the lengths to which Israel can go in dealing with the Arabs, other regional

forces and international powers. The first point that the "meekly formulated" statement emphusises is that Israel, a full-fledged member of the United Nations and its organisations, sees fit to strip it of all legitimacy and negate the force of international concensus represented by its resolutions

and recommendations.

The second point emphasised by the Israeli statement is that it is hased on the "indisputable" premise that the Zionist entity is entitled to maintain its military superiority at all times and to abort any attempt made by the Arah Nation to redress the balance of power hy huilding up its own power. Such a situation will finally amount to a Middle East settlement based on Arab acceptance of Israeli military supremacy and all the attendant political, economic and cultural consequences: in other words, total surrender

to the will of the enemy. The Israeli statement is also based on another premise, namely that the "Israeli struggle for survival" is an issue of primary importance to the Unned States and that Washington will never compromise on any issues pertaining to the Zionist entity or accept situations which endanger it.

These three facts epitomise the tragic "Zionist fact" which threatens the very existence of the Arahs.

AL DUSTOUR: Information Minister Adan Ahu Odeh told a Soviet friendship delegation currently visiting Jordan that the recent Zionist attack on the Iraqi nuclear installations has liberated the Arabs from many illusions concerning the United

States and Israel. The infurmation minister's remarks reflect the deep Arab disappointment in the U.S. stand, which justified the Israeli attack and protected Israel from U.N. sanctions, which would have been adopted against it had it not been for the consistent U.S. threat to veto such sanctions.

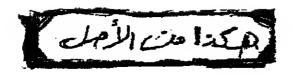
The Arabs were always pained by U.S. aid pouring into Israel at a time when it was in occupation of Arab lands and persisted in flouting Arab and wurld public opinion by refusing to implement the resolutions decreed by international bodies as the basis for a just settlement in the region.

However, U.S. pretences of opposing issues, such as the Israeli settlements on occupied Arab lands and the deportation of Arab citizens from their homes, encouraged the Arabs to optimism in the hope that the political and ethical responsibilities of the United States as superpower would cause it to adopt a stand more in line with its ethical responsibilities and the nature of U.S. interests in the Arab region.

We also had illusions about Israel. In spite of our experiences with the Zionist enemy, which gave us irrefutable proof that Israel is an aggressive state representing colonialism in its ugliest forms, we tried our best to give peace with this freak state every chance of success in the hope that reaosn would prevail and that just peace would be achieved.

The Zionist attack on the Iraqi nuclear installations, bowever, dispelled all Arab illusions. It is now clear that Israel wants from all the Arabs a surrender tantamount to slavery, which they either accept, or contend with the sophisticated arms with which the United States supplies Israel.

م كذا من الأمل



Egyptians will slow down normalisation with Israel

TEL AVIV, June 22 (A.P.) - Egyptian ambassador to Israel Mr. Saad Mortada said today that the normalisation of relations with Israel would slowed following Israel's attack on the Iraqi nuclear

"It will certainly effect the normalisation, but not the peace," Mr. Mortada said in an interview with Israel Radio.

Last week, the Egyptians suspended sports and economic exchanges to register displeasure with the Israeli raid. Mr. Mortada said cultural exchanges would also be cancelled but that other discussions relating to the peace process, such as the current meeting in Cairo of the joint military committees, would not be discootinued . "We must put a clear distinction between a peace that is really there between two countries and normal relations" Mr. Mortada said. "Between other countries, because of some crisis, relations may be strained, but it does not mean that peace is in danger."



Iraqis at UNESCO talks hit Western news media bias

PARIS, June 22 (A.P.) — A meeting at the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) designed to launch a new programme to help developing countries improve their communications systems erupted into a political debate today with Iraq objecting to what it termed biased reporting on the conference by the Western press.

The Iraqi delegate, Mr. Aziz A. Haidar, charged that an account of the meeting appearing in the Intemational Herald Tribune over the weekend represented an attempt to divide the Group of 77 developing countries from the Non-aligned nations.

The Non-aligned Movement,

although it includes many of the group of 77, tends to take more political positions on many que-

The newspaper report said that the Group of 77 was trying to stay away from controversy at the conference. It said efforts by Iraq and Cuba to interject the slogan "New World Information Order" into the debate were rejected by the Group of 77.

They also were said to oppose an Iraqi proposal to seek condemnation of Israel for its June 7 attack on the nuclear centre near Baghdad.

Mr. Haidar claimed the article was typical of what the third world had come to expect of the Western press in its reporting of UNESCO. He said the Non-aligned nat-

ions worked together with the group of 77 in promoting establishment of the new order, a term usually interpreted to mean a code of practice for the press and world communications.

Mr. Haidar also denied that the group of 77 had rejected a proposal to condemn Israel for the raid. However, a statement circulated at the communications meeting last week deploring the attack was attributed to the Nonaligned ambassadors at the U.N. Educational, Scientific and Cul-

tural Organisation. U.S. delegate Mr. William G. Harley defended the Western press, saying it does not speak for governments and is free to report its own independent views.

He told the conference it was getting far afield from what the United States sees as its essentially technical nature.

Soviet delegate Mr. Aoatoly Krasikov criticised the United States, without naming it directly. saying some participants had shown no real interest in the communications programme and did not intend to give it financial backing. The 35-nation council to set up

the programme began meeting a week ago and is expected to finish its work later today with approval of a final report.

Opposition stirred clashes.

CAIRO, June 22 (R) - President Anwar Sadat today accused Egyptian opposition parties of stirring up Muslim-Cbristian clashes last week in which authorities said 10 people

Sadat says

were killed and 55 injured. The worst sectarian violence here for years started with a gunfight between a Christian and a Muslim family. An official statement yesterday said 113 people had been detained after the clashes between Muslims and Christian Copts in the Zawya Al Hamra district near Cairo.

Mr. Sadat told the weekly newspaper Mayo, published by his ruling National Democratic Party, that "those who claim to represent the opposition in the country were behind the latest troubles to show that Egypt lacks security."

'The communists and others including members of the Socialist Labour Party have formed one block," he added.

He said Interior Minister Nabawi Ismail "dealt with the situation successfully, as a politician but I have asked him to be more firm futurely."

Mr. Ismail's handling of the situation came under press fire last week when critics accused him of failure to disclose the facts, leading to rumours and further unrest.

PLO counters threats against Kreisky's life

VIENNA, June 22 (R) — A representative of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) was today quoted as saying the PLO had taken action against a Palestinian group which threatened to kill Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kreisky.

"I have been officially authorised to say that the PLO has taken important counter measures to liquidate all threats against Dr. Freisky and we have intervened with all Arab governments asking them to refuse support to such groups. For security reasons it's impossible to say more," PLO representative Issa Sarawi told the Austrian news magazine Profil.

Last month, the same magazine quoted three members of a group calling themselves Fateh-Revolution Committee as saying they organised the murder in May of Mr. Heinz Nittel, Vienna city transport councillor, who was also president of the Austrian-Israeli society.

The Syrian-based group broke away from the main Palestinian organisation in 1972, the magazine said. Dr. Freisky, of Jewish origin, has been consistently critical of the

Israeli government and has said peace in the region depends on the recognition of Palestinian rights.

Israeli forces destroy 2 houses in Gaza, arrest 27 in Hebron

house and bulldozed another which belonged to a recently uncovered Palestinian Arab resistance cell, the military command announced today.

The cell, of the Palestine Liberation Organisation, was discovered in the Al Bourej refugee camp with a stash of grenades, a military spokesman said. He did not know how many cell members were arrested.

The resistance men are believed to be responsible for throwing a grenade at an Israeli vehicle in

TEL AVIV. June 22 (A.P.) - January that left several persons Israeli security forces blew up one injured, and planting an explosive at a military gas station in Gaza.

Arrests in Hebron

Elsewhere in the occupied territories, the Israeli authorities have arrested 27 Arab teenagers in Hebron on the West Bank for throwing stones at Israeli vehicles. military sources said.

Three adults alleged to have incited the violence were also arrested, they said.

Palme leaves Iran

TEHRAN, June 22 (R) — U.N. special envoy Olof Palme left Tehran for Baghdad today after talks with Iranian leaders over the weekend on ways to end the war with Iraq. Pars news agency reported.

Hostages were to be freed sooner, Carter discloses

PLAINS, Georgia, June 22 (A.P.) - An April 1980 announcement of a "positive step" in the Iranian hostage crisis - a statement that drew fire from President Carter's political foes -was part of a deal for the hostages' release that later fell through Jimmy Carter says.

The former president, in a meeting yesterday with a former hostage, said the deal fell through when then-Iranian President Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr "weakened."

The deal hinged on code words that Dr. Bani-Sadr was to use in a speech in Tehran.

Mr. Cyrus Vance, Mr. Carter's secretary of state at the time, had disclosed earlier that negotiations for the hostage's release were close to success on April 1, 1980. However, the meeting

yesterday apparently was the first time Mr. Carter had discussed the matter publicly. Mr. Carter's remarks were reported today by the Atlanta Journal. A Journal reporter sat in on the meeting of Mr. Carter, former hostage Col. Thomas Schaefer and his wife, Aniia.

Col. Schaefer was among 52 hostages held in Iran until the crisis ended in January after 444 days. On April 1, 1980, the morning of the presidential primary in Wisconsin, then-President Carter reported that Dr. Bani-Sadr had announced the American hostages, held captive since Nov. 4.

1979, by Iranian militants, would be transferred to the control of that nation's government. He called the development a "positive step" and later went on

to win the primary. Mr. Carter had been accused of timing the speech to affect the

primary, an accusation he disputed yesterday. The former president said Dr. Bani-Sadr had delivered a speech that morning in Tehran which seemed to indicate an agreement had been reached. Mr. Carter said that Dr. Bani-Sadr's speech was part of a deal for the release of the hostages that backfired when the Iranian

president delayed the hostages' departure. "All of these signals were sent back and forth, including a certain prescribed paragraph in Bani-Sadr's speech," the former president said." It wasn't in code, but there were certain things he had to say in order to voice that we had a deal ... we had his speech translated by the State Department, and sure enough, he said the

words." Mr. Carter said trucks were standing by at the time to transport the hostages away from the embassy compound where they were being held and to freedom.

"When we were approaching the time, around the first of April, have them released, I dictated a tape to be played for the hostages when they were taken out of the compound," Mr. Carter said. "They were ready to load them on the trucks... and Bani-Sadr weakened.

Mr. Carter said be believed Dr. Bani-Sadr changed his mind because of the political consequences he believed he might suffer by releasing the hostages.

RESTAURANTS & BARS



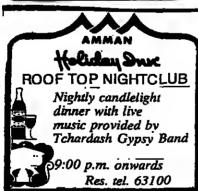
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TRANSPORTATION

Kuwait to execute murderers

KUWAIT, June 22 (A.P.) - Two Iraqis and a Saudi Arabian were

sentenced to death here today for abducting, raping and killing two

girls, aged eight and nine, a Jordanian and an Indian, earlier this year.

Hussein, both of Iraq, and Mr. Khaled Al Wadi of Saudi Arabia.

The convicted murderers are Mr. Radhi Sbalash and Mr. Hamid

The court did not specify when the executions would take place.



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Libyan oil output drops; Oil prices may drop, too

LONDON, June 22 (R) — Libvan oil production has dropped sharply because of the world oil glut and eustomers are pressing Tripoli he for a substantial price cut. Petroleum Intelligence Weekly (PIW) reported today.

The New York-based oil industry newsletter said Libya may be close to a decision to lower its oil price, OPEC's highest, because Britain, which produces a similar grade of crude, cut its price from \$39.25 a barrel to \$35 last week.

PIW said Libyan production had apparently fallen to 1.1 million barrels per day (b/d) from 1.6 million in March because of the

"Many of Libya's contract buy-ers were already giving the req-uired 30 days' notice for phaseout of third quarter contracts by the end of July unless its prices are cut sharply," said PIW, which is also distributed in London.

Quoting impressions garned at recent contract talks with Libya it said Tripoli might cut its price from S41 to S36.

A price cut by Libya would force Algeria and Nigeria, the other producers of high-priced African crude, to cut their prices by \$4 a harrel to \$36, PIW said. It estimated that total output

from the three African members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) last week at 2.7 million b/d, 1.7 million b/d below a production ceiling they agreed at an OPEC ministerial meeting last month.

At that meeting OPEC countries decided to cut production by a minimum 10 per cent to mop up the glut, largely caused by Saudi Arahia, which wants to moderate prices.

Oil ministers meet in Algeria

ALGIERS, June 22 (A.P.) — Oil ministers from Libya, Gabon, Nigeria and Algeria met today in the Algerian oil town of Hassi Messaoud to "strengthen ties and exchange views," an official of the

Algerian Oil Ministry said.

The official said that the mee-

ting, which was scheduled during a similar meeting last year in Algiers, had nothing to do with talks being held in Washington today between officials of Sonatrach, the Algerian State Oil and Gas Corporation, and representatives of U.S. oil companies.

The oil ministry official said subjects on the agenda at Hassi Messaoud included the pressing problems of the moment such as pricing, the evolution of the oil market and long-term strategy.

copper company Codelco could

eventually be denationalised. The

Citibank raises prime rate

NEW YORF, June 22 (A.P.) — Citibank, the second-largest bank in the United States, today raised its prime lending rate to 20 per cent, the prevailing rate among leading U.S. banks.

Citibank dropped its prime lending rate to 19.5 per cent from 20 per cent on June 16 and two other large banks followed but Marine Midland Bank of Buffalo, New York and Bankers Trust of New York returned their prime rate to 20 per cent last Friday.

Meanwhile, Treasury Secretary Donald T. Regan today reiterated his contention that interest rates will come down this year but "I don't want to say (by) bow much."

Speaking to a conference in Washington sponsored by the American stock exchange, Mr. Regan said the Federal Reserve seems to have brought the growth in the nation's money supply under control.

Last Friday, the Fed said M1B a broad measure of the money supply that includes cash in circulation and bank deposits, including those bearing interest-grew by \$500 miltion in the latest reporting week, somewhat less than many analysts had expected.

Third World textile exporters fight to gain better access to West

HONG KONG, June 22 (R) - ing to unite in the face of pressure The fight by Third World textile exporters to cain better access to Western markets was renewed here today as a meeting opened of delegates from 20 developing textile exporting countries.

The delegates will aim at adopring a united stance ahead of a meeting in Geneva starting on July 13 which will seek to renew the international Multi Fibre Arrangement (MFA) that expires at the end of this year.

"We hope that by the end of the week we will have a clear common position on the main points of the MFA," the chairman of the talks, Colombia's Felipe Jaramillo, told Reuters at the start of the weeklong meeting here.

Hong Kong's commissioner of industry. Mr. L.W.R. Mills, said the talks would focus on grievances against the United States and the European Econom® Community (EEC) over what the delegates saw as misuse of the pre-

The developing nations are try-

from the United States and the European Common Market to restrict the growth in textile imports from the Third World which they say is damaging their own industries at a time of rising unemolovment.

The group represented here will try to clarify the meaning of what is ealled market disruption, the industrial world's justification for restricting textile imports to its wn markets, under the present MFA, delegates said.

Mr. Jaramillo said another topic will be the call by the U.S. textile manufacturers institute to scrap a guarantee allowing any country in the MFA to increase its export quota by six per cent a year.

He said exporting nations would fight to retain it.

China, one of the world's fastest growing textile exporters, is taking part in the group's meeting for the first time as an observer, China is not a signatory to the existing

Kabul steps up land reform programme

NEW DELHI, June 32 (A.P.) -Afghanistan's pro-Moscow gov-ernment has decided to speed up the redistribution of farmland under the country's ambitious land reforms programme, the official Afghan radio reported yes-

The council of ministers met Saturday with the new Prime Minister Sultan Ali Kishtmand in the chair and approved "A historic document" on land reforms that had been earlier passed by Afghanistan's revolutionary council and the politburo of the ruling Marxist Party, broadcasts said.

The document sets up a land reforms commission under the leadership of President Babrak Karmal to accelerate the red-

istribution of agricultural land to small or landless farmers and parsames or tenuous termers and per sants by breaking up large lar disidings, the Pushtu and Dw language broadcasts said.

Land reforms were introduce in Afghanistan, one of the poocs countries in the world, by fi Markist president Nur Mol ammad Taraki in a decree on No 28, 1978. He abolished usury the countryside and lurmed far cooperatives.

Only 12 per cent of the tot area in the landlocked and mor ntainous country is considered be arable. Agriculture providhalf the national income at four-fifths of Afghanistan's az OFTS.

RATES

trading on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets today

1.9920/35 1.2024:27 2.3630/50 2.6300/25 2.0530/50 38,69:72 5.6225:75 222.30/50 5.0270/80

West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen

U.S. dollar

Canadian dollar

7,4500/15 One ounce of gold 463.00/464.00

One sterling

One U.S. dollar

LONDON, June 22 (R) — Share prices gained slightly in fairly

News late on Friday that U.S. M1B money supply had risen by only \$500 million led to a mark up at the outset and prices edged higher on light follow through buying dealers added. Equity

36p at 28.88 sterling.

Government boods showed gains of up to 1/2 point across the board in quiet trading, dealers said. The better than expected U.S. money supply figures provided the main impetus for the gains

morning session. Among equities, electricals were particularly firm, dealers said, GEC was up 17p at 705p and Racal and Plessey gained 9p and 4p --

BP recovered 4p of recent losses at 330p and Beecham, Dis-

LONDON EXCHANGE

LONDON, June 22 (R) — Following are the buying and selling rate for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at the close o

1177.00/1180.00 5.9200/50

Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

LONDON STOCK MARKET

quiet trading with the expectation of lower U.S. interest rates the main factor for the market, dealers said. At 1500 the FT index was up 2,3 at 543,7.

leaders mainly added between 2p and 7p, they said, U.S. and Canadian shares were narrowly mixed with IBM down

though some dealers noted light continental buying during the

respectively ahead of results due later this week.

tillers, ICI, Glaxo and Vickers rose between 2p and 6p.

LOCAL EXCHANGE

RATES

on Chile's economic experiment Keeping a grip

At a time when left-wing political movements seem to be gaining ground in Latin America, Chile's 7½-year-old military regime is providing a test case of whether strict free-market economics can benefit a population as effectively as state-run economic

By Mary Helen Spooner

models. The regime led by Gen. Augusto Pinochet recently began eight years of "transition" rule. It remains to be seen whether the regime can spread some of its much-publicised economic successes to Chile's poor.

The economic overhaul began in 1975, with an austerity programme designed and implemented by a U.S.-trained team of ecocomic advisers. The "Chicago Boys" - several had studied at the University of Chicago where Mr. Miltoo Friedman's economic theories are especially. respected -- succeeded in cutting Chile's inflation from as much as 700 per cent in 1973 to 31 per cent

Inflation continues to drop, according to official statistics. The consumer price index rose by less than 3 per cent during the first private-sector hands has led to ionalists are putting limits on the month to workers labouring full

government predictions for an inflation rate of approximately 20 per ceot for this year.

Buoyed by this and other successes, the Chicago Boys are attempting to complete their plans for a total reorganisation of Chile's economic, administrative and political structures under Gen. Pinchet's authoritarian sponsorship. But in some cases the Chilean free marketeers are finding that their plans run foul of

important Pinochet supporters. The growing trend towards putting Chile's economy ioto quarter of this year, supporting speculation that the state-owned Chicago Boys' economic designs, time at menial jobs.

copper industry was nationalised during the ill-fated Socialist govemment of President Salvador-Allende in 1971. The Pinochet regime has turned

the smaller mines and copper deposits over to private enterprise, while maintaining ownership of the country's largest mines, including Chuquicamata, once owned by the Anaconda Copper Company, and El Teniente, previously owned by the Kennecott Copper Corporation. But pressure is mounting from more dogmatic members of the economic team to divest Codelco's holdings, even though such a move would ignite a wave of protest from nationalistic pro-Government groups.

"Pinochet would be committing political suicide if he tried to sell off Codelco," a diplomat in Santiago said recently. He noted that the nationalisation of Chile's copper industry was supported by all political parties - Left and Right

- during the Alleode years. If Chile's Right-wing natChile's poor are exerting pressure

: Shanty-dwellers have taken to public demonstrations to protest. against the lack of decent housing. Groups of homeless families staged fasts and bunger strikes earlier this year in half a dozen Catholic churches and in the Swedish embassy, where they would be relatively safe from club-wielding carabineros and state security forces. Estimates of Chile's housing shortage range as high as 700.000 homes, with nearly 30 per cent of the population lacking proper she-

mployment and underemployment persists. Official unemployment in Greater Santiago is approximately 8 per cent, the lowest in years. But if the increasing number of Chileans taking part in the Government's minimum employment programme is taken into account, real unemployment would be around 18 per cent. The minimum employment programme, which some officials have argued should be abolished, pays less than \$40 a

And the problem of une-

economic team to such problems has been that when Chile's Friedmanite system is fully installed and functioning, unemployment, housing shortages and the other problems of Chile's poor will be solved. But this process, they say, takes time, which is why Gen. Pmochet must keep a firm grip for at

least eight more years and may be

The standard response of the

Gen. Prochet, hy accounts, intends to do exactly that. In his speech on March 11, the day he swore himself in as Chile's constitutional President and moved his headquarters to La Moneda Palace, the traditional seat of Chilean Governments, Gen. Pinochet listed an impressive array of statistics showing improvements in the economy since the armed forces seized power. At the same time, he condemned Marxism 15 times, and issued what he said was a final call to his critics to abandon

their opposition to his regime. In a newspaper interview published in March, Gen. Pinochet denied being a dictator and annstyle apertura - an easing of res- ore. trictions on political activity --

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Tomatoes

Eggplant.

Faqqous

Garlie

Carrots

Okra (Green)

Okra (Red)

Potatoes (imported)

Marrow (small) ..

Marrow (large) .

Cucumber (small)

Cucumber (large).

Hot Green Pepper Onions (drv)

over the next eight years. Chile's fragmented opposition seems uniikely to pose any serious cha-The spectre of one-man military

rule suggests that Chilc's intemational image is not likely to improve, notwithstanding a recent thaw in relations with the United States under President Ronald Reagan's Administration, But Gen. Pinochet's Chile has so far managed to defy the harshest world criticism and diplomatic rebuffs, while enjoying increased foreign trade even with its archenemies in the Soviet bloc. As long as Chile maintains some

semblance of economic growth, Gen. Pinochet is unlikely to face any real threats. The regime may well succeed in wiping the once-effervescent political slate clean for a generatioo.

But, if, by the time Gen. Pinochet leaves office, it cannot solve the economic difficulties of its poor -- which brought the election of a liberal reformist president in 1964 and Marxist president in 1970. -- Chile will find itself back ounced there would be no Brazil- . where it started two decades bef-

Financial Times

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORDAN TELEVISION CHANNEL 3

Koran

	Salo Carmor
	5:20 Live transmission from Dol
	(a match between Fuwait an Qatar) 6:25
•	Qatar)
	6:25 Cartoor
	6:45 Young and Restle
	7:10 Programme Previe
	7:25 Programme on Healt
	8:00 News in Arabi
	8:30 Arabic Serie
	9:40 Local Programm
	10:15 Arabic serie
	11:10 News in Arah

CHANNEL 6

J**0:1**5 RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz AM & 99 MHz

French programme

News in French

News in Hebrew

News in Arabic

... Comedy

Evening Show News Summary 21:03 Evening Show

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz .

04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Wimbledon 04:45 Financial News 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 Opera Gallery 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Sarah and Company 67:60 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 67:30 The Maid of the Mill 67:45 Network U.K. 08:00 World News; Reflections 08:15 Europa 08:30 Baker's Half-Dozen 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 Financial News 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 Discovery 10:15 Wimbledon Report 10:30 Talking About Music 11:00 World News; News about Britain 11:15 Letter from London 11:25 Scotland this Week 11:30 Sports International 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 50 Years of the Newsreel 12:15 50 Years of the Royal Ballet 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 13:30 Network U.K. 13:45 A Jolly Good Show 14:30 America, Enrope and the World 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News; Commentary 16:15 Wimbledon 81 16:45 The World Teday 17:00 16:45 The World Today 17:00 World News; Scotland This Week 17:15 The Poetry of Europe 17:45 Sports Round up 18:00 World News: News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Nature Notebook 18:40 Farming World 19:00 Outlook; News Summary 19:39 Stock Market Report 19:43 Look Ahead 19:45 Serenade 29:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 20:30 What II... 21:15 Wimbledon Report 21:30 The Poetry of Europe 22:00 World News; The World Today 22:25 Scotland This Week 22:30 Financial News;

-22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sports . Round up 23:96 World News;

Commentary 23:15 Classical Rec-ord Review 23:30 Meridian

VOICE OF AMERICA

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, Pop music, features, listeners' questions. 17:60 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "The Making of a Nation." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup; rep orts, opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English; news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comments, analyses.

AMMAN AIRPORT

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7:15 .	Beirut
7:40	
7:50 .	Damascus, Paris (AF)
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9:40	Kurwait
):40 .	Dubai, Abu Dhabi
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DEPARTURES:

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21:00	Baghdad
21:30	Bangkok
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01:00
EMERGENCIES
DOCTORS:
Zarqa:
Adnan Al Nasir 2415/72418
PHARMACIES:  Amman:  Al Salam
.Zarqa: Al Webdeb(—)
Irbid:

Paris (AF)	Mihvar 44574
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Beirut (MEA)	
Beirut	<b>CULTURAL CENTRES</b>
Rome	COLIONAL CENTRES
Vienna, New York,	
Chicago	American Centre 41520
Athens, Copenhagen	British Council 36147-8
Cairo	French Cultural Centre 37009
London	Goethe Institute 41993
Riyadh (SV)	Soviet Cultural Centre 44203
Cairo (EA)	Spanish Cultural Centre 24049
	Turkish Cultural Centre 39717
Damascus	Haya Arts Centre 65195
Kuwait	Al Hussein Youth City 67181
Dhahran	Y.W.C.A 41.793
Damascus	Y.W.M.A 64251
Abu Dhahi	Amman Municipal Library 36111
Jeddah	University of Jordan Library
Baghdad	843555/843666
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Cairo (EA)	SERVICE CLUBS
Dubai, Muscat	OFILLION OWONG
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TAXIS:

Al Urdon

Basman

## S Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wed-

nesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every Thursday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Hol-

## MUSEUMS

iday Inn, 1:30 p.m.

Folkiore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 23316 Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. elosed Tuesdays, Tel. 37169 Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the

Qal hou days

a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. -6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel. 30128

PRAYER TIMES

quities of Jordan. Jabal Al
a (Citadel Hill). Opening
rs: 9.00 a.m 5.00 p.m. (Fri-
and official holidays 10.00
- 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tue-
s. Im National Gallery: Contains

Saudi rival .. 97.8/98.1 Lebanese pound . 77.2/78.1 Syrian pound ... lraqi dinar ..... Egyptian pound UAE dirham

57.2/57.8 712.5/716.6 Kuwaiti dinar ...... 1191/1194.8 90.9/91.3 Omani rival ...... . 963*.5/*967.00 .... 334/336

W. German mark ...... 141.2/142 (for every 100) ...... 28.5/28.7 French franc 59.1/59.5 Dutch guilder ..... 126.9/127.9 Swedish crown Belgium franc ...... 86.5/87

# USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

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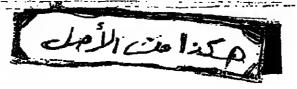
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Amhulance (government)
Civil Defence rescue 61111
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) 36381-2
Municipal water service (emergency) 37111-3
Police headquarters 39141
Najdeh roving patrol rescue police, (English spoken)
24 hours a day for emergency 21111, 37777
Airport information (ALIA) 92205/92206
Jordan Television 73111
JOIGAN TEREVISION
Radio Jordan 74111
1000 JOIGHT 7111

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# **MARKET PRICES**

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160	t10	Bananas
t20	90	Apples (African, Japanese
110	80	Apples (American, Chilean, Red) 470
60	40	Apples (American, Chilean, Green) 430
230	180	Apples (Double Red) 270
100	60	Apples (Starken)
90	60	Melons90
280	220	Water Melons 110
280	250	Plums (Red)
180	120	Phone (Vallous)
80	50	Phuns (Yellow)
350	300	Apricots 300 Cherries 400
100	50	Lamone 1000
90	70	Connect (Valencie Ways 12
150	100	Oranges (Valencia, Waxed)
80	60	Oranges (Waxed)
140	100	Grapefruit



# SPORTS NEWS BRIEFS

Second best jump in history

stered the second best triple jump in history at the U.S. track and tield championship last night. His effort of 17.56 metres comhared with the world record of 17.89 metres set by Brazilian Joao Oliveria in the rarefield air of Mexico City in 19.75. Banks, 25, proke his U.S. record of 17.31 metres by four certimetres on his : second attempt and followed up with the best ever performance at sea level with his next attempt. Afterwards he said that he expected to eventually break Oliveria's longstanding mark. "I've wanted 17.04 metres for a long time," be said. I just need more estrength and 1 will be able to jump 18,29 metres. The championships brought world record holder Ed Moses his 63rd consecutive 400 metres hurdles victory. His time of 47.59 seconds was the sixth fastest ever recorded. Ander Pbillips was second in 48.10, making him the fourth fastest performer over the distance. Later Sydney Maree, a hlack South African who has applied for U.S. citizenship, ran the second fastest 1,500 metres of the year to U.S. citizenship, ran the second rances 1,000 Afterwards it was spip Steve Scott in three minutes 35.02 seconds. Afterwards it was announced Maree would be eligible to compete for the United announced Maree would be eligible to compete for the United Hol-States in the world cup in Rome in September. Richard Hol-States in the world cup in Round in States of the Athletics lander, chairman of the International Committee of the Athletics Congress, the governing body for track and field in the United States, said: "we have that assurance in writing from the IAAF(the International Amateur Athletic Federation)." Hollander said IAAF rules allow an athlete to represent a country when he is acquiring its citizenship.

#### Chile 3 Paraguay 0

SANTIAGO, June 22 (R) - Chile beat Paraguay 3-0 io the last match of the South American group three qualifying round for next year's World Cup soccer finals in Madrid. Chile, which qualified for the finals last Sunday by defeating Ecuador 2-0, qualmed for the initial state of the group. Ecuador had three and Paraguay two. Yesterday's match confirmed Chile's superiority over the Paraguayan team which lost their last encounter 1-0. All three goals were of high quality. Caszely scored the first in the 11th minute. Yanez the next ooe minute later and Neira the third after 28 minutes. The Paraguayaos fought a tough, sometimes violeot game which often led them to commit errors and fouls. Brazilian referee Romualdo Arphi Filho sent off Paraguayan centre-forward Miguel Maria Michelagnoli after 49 minutes for kicking Chile's Miguel Angel Neira in the stomach. About 71,000 spectators watched the match in Santiago's National Stadium.

#### Arguello: a world triple champion

LONDON, June 22 (A.P.) - Alexis Arguello added his name to

a list of all-time Boxing Greats by defeating Jim Watt at Wembley last night. The 29-year-old Miami-Based Nicaraguan pounded out a unanimous points victory over the defending WBC lig-ARKI htweight champioo to become only the sixth man in history to win a world triple in three different weight divisions. Thirty-two-year old Scotsman Watt, Lightweight Champion for two years finished the contest a bloody mess and almost certainly will now retire.

Arguello, who joined. Tony Canzoneri, Barney Ross, Henry
Armstrong and Wilfredo Benitez oo the list of triple champions. now looks forward to bigger pay days than the \$280,000 be earned for outclassing the game Scotsman. One of his first fights is expected to be against Sean O'Grady. The WBA champ in a fight to unify the lightweight divisions. Arguello's record is e remarkable one. He now has won 68 of 86 cootests, 16 of them world title fights in the featherweight and junior lightweight divisions, Arguello revealed himself as e fighter of the very highest quality. "I didn't lose to a palooka, I lost to a great fighter," said Watt. "He had a lot of power in his punches and pressurised me." "1 don't think I let auyone down as champion," said Watt, whose victims included both O'Grady and former Olympic champion Howard Davis. "I fought all the contenders and lost to one of the

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# GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN © 1981 by Chicago Tribune

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**◇762** +Q106 EAST EST. · A 8652 + A3 ♦ Q 1072 19

105 ♦ K984 9542 **4873** SOUTH . +K94 VAR5 OAQJ3

+AKJ he bidding: orth East South West Pass 3 NT Pass ass Pass

pening Lead: Five of 4. "Aces were made to capre kings," is an old bridge

lage. South helped his onments achieve that objecve on today's hand, yet they ere strangely unapeciative. Sonth had a classic three

> trump opening bid-25 ints and a perfectly balanc-I distribution. Since orth's original pass had ready been something of an erbid, he had nothing furer to contribute.

West led his fourth-best ade and, before playing to e first trick, South paused consider the possibilities. re opening lead assured m of seven tricks, and

diamonds was the obvious suit to develop for two more. If the suit divided evenly, it would always produce three tricks. But in the event of the more likely 4-2 division, declarer would need to take two diamond finesses. Unfortunately, there was only one sure eotry to the table.

Declarer found a oeat solution to his problem. At trick one, he played the teo of spades from dummy. Wheo East took the ace, declarer jettisoned his king under it! Since West held the queeo of spades, dummy's ten was now an entry.

No mattar what the defenders did, the contract could no longer be beaten. Declarer used the ten of spades as an entry for one diamond finesse, and the queen of clubs to repeat the finesse. Since East held the king of diamonds, declarer came to one spade trick, two hearts, three diamonds and

three clubs. As the cards lie, there is a double-dummy line that will anable declarer to make his contract even if he does not unblock the king of spades under the ace. He wins the spade return, eoters dummy with the queeo of clobs and takes the diamond finesse. Now declarer cashes his remaining winners in clobs and hearts, then exits with a heart. East must win and. at the end, lead a diamond from the king to give declarer a second finesse. But that line would fail if West started with three or more hearts.

Sunny start for Wimbledon

# Borg sails through the opening round

WIMBLEDON, June 22 (A.P.) - The summer sun shone on the All England Club today as Bjorn Borg began his bid for his sixth. straight Wimbledon tennis title.

After weeks of intermittent rain Britain basked in a heat wave. Thousands poured into the club grounds for the world's most famous tennis tournament, which has been going on since 1877.

Borg began his title defence with a first round match against Peter Rennert of the United States on the centre court, where 14,000 packed fans were waiting.

Fans hoping for standing room formed a line more than 1.5 km long before the gates opened at noon. They had no hope of seats on the centre court-they were sold out for the whole two weeks tournament last January.

Bjorn Borg came back from a slow start to beat bearded American Peter Rennert 7-6, 6-3, 6-1 as he began his bid for a sixth straight Wimhledon tennis title.

The 25-year-old Swede lived up to his reputation as a slowstarter at Wimbledon, while Rennert played some dainty hackhand drop volleys and won the cheers of the centre court crowd.

Borg double faulted five times in his first three service games. He won only five points against service in the whole of the first set, until the score reached 6-6 and the tiehreaker began.

Borg then found his touch to win the big points in the tiebreaker and won it hy seven points to two. Rennert continued to hold his service comfortably as far as 3-3 in the second set. Then Borg, warrning up to the grass court hit two fine backhand returns and a for ehand pass to break service for the first time. That was virtually the end of the contest. Rennert won only one next game and the match was over in 1 hour 35 minutes.

John McEnroe deliberately broke a racket and called the tournament referee "An incompetent fool" in a stormy start in his bid for the Wimhledon title. The fiery American left-hander, seeded No. 2, was given a warning but ended up defeating Tom Gullikson of U.S. 7-6, 7-5, 6-3 in the first round.

McEnroe's antics on No. 1 court brought a touch drama to the first day of the 104-year-old tou-

All his troubles came from disputed line calls. After one disagreement in the second set, he put his foot on his racket and deliberately forced the handle up and smashed it. Umpire Edward James warned him for "abusing his racket." Eric Fromm, an American, unseeded and unheralded. scored the first upset by defeating Yannick Noah, of France, the No. 13 seed, 6-4, 6-4, 6-3.

#### British footballers risk their careers

LONDON, June 22 (A.P.) -Fourteen British soccer players in South Africa oo a "coaching trip" will face the anger of FIFA (the International Soccer Org-anisation) and the Eoglish Football Association FA if they take part in exhibition games.

Arsenal's Sammy Nelson and Willie Young have been told indirectly by manager Terry Neill that they could be finished at the North London Club if they kick a ball in a match in South Africa. "Forget FIFA and the FA,"

Neill said today, "if they go against my instructions they will have me to deal with and I would come down heavily on them. "I told them before they went

not to play in any games, I made them sign forms to that extent, and oow I have left messages for them all over South A.frica reiterating that position. I do not understand how players can risk their careers

Middleshorough manager Bobby Murdoch was contacting goalkeeper Jim Platt today to warn him against playing matches in South Africa. "Platt received permission to coach in South Africa," Murdoch said. "There was no mention of a match when he approached me. Platt is sensible and I don't think he will become involved in matches.'

Nottingham Forest's Dave Needham, Queen's Park Rangers Don Shanks, Alan Hay and Gerry Sweney of Bristol, Leicester's Paul Edmunds and Joe Royle and Mick McGuire of Norwich are among the players on the trip wbo are reported to be playing against

a Transvaal eleven of Wednesday. That is against FA regulations, South Africa having been expelled by FIFA seven years ago.

According to the FA, even exhibitions are against FIFA's rules.

# JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Robi ac Unscramble these four Jumbles one letter to reach square, to form RYVEN NOCOL[®] NUCKOL DON'T EXPECT ANYONE TO ACCOMPANY YOU WHEN YOU'RE THIS. BROWDY Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon. Jumbles: SUAVE ELATE KNIGHT SPONGE Responsible for many a holdup in golf—THE TEES



inance of Americans in their 273 was just one short of the recditable 11th this year.

Australian Graham wins the U.S. Open golf championship

ARDMORE, June 22 (R) -David Graham of Australia won the U.S. Open golf championship yesterday, ensuring that at least one major U.S. title will go overseas for the fourth year

Graham, 35, who has lived in the United States for 10 years, finished three strokes ahead of George Burns and Bill Rogers on the tight 6,528-yard Merion course to pick up the first prize of \$55,000. His seven-under-par total of ord for a U.S. Open set by Jack Nicklaus last year at Baltusrol and marked the first time that par had been mastered in a championship at Merion. Graham, the first Australian to win the U.S. Open, was capturing his second major title. He won the PGA championship at Oakland Hills near Detroit two

His triumph continued the pattern of recent years which has seen foreign players challenge the dommajor competitions.

South Africa's Gary Player won the 1978 Masters, Graham took the PGA the following year and Spain's Severiano Ballesteros captured the Masters in 1980.

In addition, Graham has been a perennial threat at the Masters where his compatriot Greg Norman placed fourth this year on his dehut, while Japan's Isao Aoki fell just short of Jack Nicklaus in last vear's Open and placed a cre-

The key to Graham's success was his accurate play. He found the green each time despite a gusty breeze. "He hit all 18 greens in regulation and, for the last day of the championship it was believable." Rogers said.

Graham said he never departed from his strategy of playing conservative golf. "I feel I maintained my composure all day," he said." I never got excited. I never let my swing get out of control."

# **Peanuts**









# Andy Capp





# Mutt 'n' Jeff





9 Comic strip

Viking

15 Potpourri

16 Demean

19 Din

20 Danger

21 Be ahead

24 Rainbow

28 Aids

23 A Kennedy

die phrase

- trust"

14 Early Irish



ean villain

29 Those

people 30 Take as

one's own 31 Unfaithful

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**Perents** 

**40 Attendant** 

43 Annihilated

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46 Walking

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51 Football

52 Telegraph

53 Sound off

54 Pertaining

58 Ten: comb.

form

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61 - Carlo

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62 Lab burner

64 — out

(supplem 66 Chaney

35 Above 36 Spring

"-, Brute"

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, JUNE 23, 1981

# YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day when you are able to work harmoniously with associates and can gain much advancement in long-range aims. You have more resourcefulness and ingenuity now.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Plan how to put your business affairs as well as your recreational activities in better order. Take needed health treatments.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Take ateps to improve conditions at home by showing that you are e devoted family member. Strive for happiness.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Obtain the data that will help you get ahead in your line of endeavor. Come to a better understanding with close ties.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) A good time to get started again on those longe-range plans you have dropped. Follow the good advice of an expert. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Use extra care in keeping

records and evoid costly mistakes. Go after your goals in a positive manner and get fine results. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Yoo have personal aims that require action now in order to gain them. Sidestep

one who is e troublemaker. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Contact close ties who can help you advance in your line of endeavor. Be courteous to

all. Strive for increased happiness. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Contact influential persons who can help you advance in career activities. Good

day to engage in civic affairs. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) You can get ahead in your line of endeavor today by making a few clever moves. A friend can be helpful.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Make it a point to improve your position with business persons who are important to your career. Be wary of atrangers. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Discuss the future

with associates and come to e fine agreement. Engage in civic work now and gain added prestige. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Study your work carefully and see where you can make improvements. Come to e

better accord with associates. 1F YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will be able to get whatever is most desired because of the charm in this nature. Direct the education along lines of pleasing the public and there is bound to be much success

here. Teach to be a good sport. "The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make

of your life is largely up to you!

# THE Daily Crossword by Susan Mindell

31 Word of **ACROSS** 65 "You'd 22 Snakes better --25 Phony 1 Small cheer 32 Wander 27 Concerning 28 Shakespear 33 Gush

37 Along In image 69 — vital Years 39 Floor-(creative stick 41 Miss Kett 71 Was a stool 42 Love apple pigeon 72 Zola

17 "Love will 45 Buddy dream, and 47 Bauble 48 Keep trying 52 Demon

1 Stand the 55 — Jannings 2 Irani coin 56 Mouths 3 Melody 4 Measuring 59 Yow 63 Badgerlike 5 Searching

Yesterday's Puzzie Solved

for water Load up 8 "He is ready -9 Part of a telephone 10 Port In walking

heroine

DOWN

system

12 Thing of value 13 Hollow 18 Wife of

D 1981 by Chicago Tribune-N.Y. News Synd. Inc.

# WORLD

#### ANZUS council meets

# Dissenting voices raised for Haig in Wellington

WELLINGTON, June 22 (R) — Australia and New Zealand voiced reservations today about some aspects of new high profile U.S. policy in Asia outlined by Secretary of State Ale-

The annual meeting of the ANZUS council which groups the three allies produced oo open disagreement, but differences in emphasis were apparent, not only on Asia but on U.S. policies in the Middle East as well.

Mr. Haig has been pressing during a two-week far eastern tour for increased effort to isolate Vietnam politically and economically if it does not withdraw its 200,000 troops from Kampuehea.

A senior U.S. official told reporters Mr. Haig has also pledged an increased American presence in the Far East, including larger military forces, to counter what he sees as Soviet expansionism.

But New Zealand Foreign Minister Brian Talboys told a press conference that during the talks "there was some discussions on the extent to which present policies might be pushing Vietnam further into the arms of the Soviet Union.'

Diplomatic sources said Mr. · Haig rejected arguments that a more positive approach by Washingtoo towards Hanoi might weakeo Soviet influeoce in Vie-

Australian Foreign Minister Tony Street implied his view was closer to Mr. Haig's. He told rep-

BELFAST, June 22 (R) - Ano-

ther Republican guerrilla in the

Maze Prison outside Belfast went

on hunger-strike today bringing the number of prisoners fasting for

political status to seven, Britisb

Mr. Micbael James Devine, 27,

who is serving 12 years for pos-

sessing firearms and ammunition,

refused breakfast this morning, a

Mr. Devine, from Lon-

donderry, is a member of the out-

lawed Irisb National Liberation

Army (INLA), a splinter group of

the Irisb Republican Army (IRA).

Four prisooers have starved

government spokesman said.

officials said.

INLA convict joins

hunger-strike at Maze

orters Australia had decided that the Vietnamese invasion of Kampuchea was not acceptable and that Vietnam should not receive Australian aid.

Mr. Talboys said there were also differences over wbether Australia and New Zealand should keep their air and army uoits in Malaysia and Siogapore indefintely.

Mr. Haig stressed the political importance of retaining the units, Mr. Talboys said but added: "While there is certainly oo intentioo of an early withdrawal, Mr. Street and I noted that there were logistic and other problems in leaving the forces there indefinitely."

Australia has said it will phase out two Mirage jet squadrons based in Malaysia. New Zealand has an infantry battalion in Singapore but has made uo decision on how long it will stay.

Australia and New Zealaod also expressed concern about the possibility of contributing troops to a U.S.-sponsored peacekeeping force in the Sinai.

The United States will provide up to half the force required under the Camp David peace agreement when Israel leaves the Sinai, but it is seeking troops from other cou-

Mr. Talboys said Mr. Haig did not ask for an answer today. But the diplomatie soorces said the secretary of state gave a new assessment of Arab attitudes toward such a force that could influence Canberra and Wellington.

# For Poles church is first and Communist Party last

WARSAW, June 22 (A.P.) — A recent opinion poll published in the weekly "Kultura" says the

Roman Catholic Church ranks first in fostering trust and that the Communist Party wound op last

themselves to death and about 35

people have died in violence ste-

mming from the hunger-strike

campaign which began on March
1. The IRA and INLA have said

jailed guerrillas will keep going on

hunger-strike until their demands

for political prisoner status are

The government says convicted

guerrillas are no different from

common criminals and it will

never grant them political status.

onnell, 30, has refused food the

longest. He is now in the 45th day

Of the seven current hunger-

issue of the tabloid weekly, was made by the "Centre of Public Opinion," an officially sanctioned polling agency. The poll was taken six weeks

ago, but the paper - which like all official publications here is subject to censorship -- did not disclose the number surveyed, their religion or party affiliations or other

The poll, published in Sunday's

In order of trust, the poll listed: the Roman Catholic Church, Solidarity, the Army, the Sajm (parliament), the Council of State, the Supreme Chamber of Control (a government watchdog agency), the public prosecutor, courts, non-Solidarity labour unions, the Democratic Party, the ruling. Front of National Unity (a coalition of the Communist, Democratic and Peasants parties), the Peasant Party, police and Communist Party, Kultura said.

"Those who answered and were less than 40 years old less frequently stated their trust for the government, party and police," the paper said.

It added that 32 per cent of those surveyed expressed trust in

# Slips away after signing autographs

# Fugitive IRA gunman spotted at Irish graveside ceremony

DUBLIN, June 22 (A.P.) - Gne of eight Irish Republican Army (IRA) guerrillas who escaped from Northern Ireland's Crumlin Road Prison 11 days ago was spotted at an IRA ceremony in Ireland, Bitain's domestic news agency, Press Association (PA), reported.

A Dublin police spokesman refused to confirm

PA said Michael McKee, who is on the run from a 20-year jail sentence for possessing firearms, attended a Republican commemoration ceremony at Naas, 40 kilometres southwest of Dublin.

The agency said he was seen at the graveside of 18th century revolutionary Wolfe Tone during an annual Republican tribute.

A large group of Irish police were on duty outside the graveyard, but after signing autographs, Mr. McKee slipped away unnoticed, the agency said. Last week, the IRA's "Provisional wing" issued a statement saying all the eight meo had escaped across the border into Irish Republic but Sunday's sighting was the first time any of them had appeared in Public since the breakout.

A Dublin police spokesman told the Associated Press he had "heard reports" that Mr. McKee had beeo spotted but refused to confirm or deny them. The Eight IRA men broke out of the jail using three smuggled handguns. They overpowered gua-

seotence after a five-week trial. Two days later, four were seotenced for life for killing a British army captain. Three others, including Mr. McKee, were jailed for between 18 and 25 years for possessing firearms and other terrorist

rds and shot their way out while being held awaiting

The independent Irish Republic refuses to extradite guerrillas wanted in the British-ruled north. Scores of wanted IRA activists are known to be living freely in the Republic.

## Charles' visit to Ulster

Meanwhile, Buckingham Palace denied reports that Prince Charles may pay a visit to Northern Ireland in oine day's time to attend a garden party in

aid of the International Year of the disabled.

A commercial radio station in Belfast said a royal , visitor, possibly Prince Charles, would be at the . garden party at Hillsborough Castie, for the function scheduled for June 30.

But a Buckingham Palace spokesman told the Associated Press: "They are mistaken. There are no engagements for Prince Charles in Northern Ireland on the day in question."

Strict secrecy traditionally surrounds all royal visits to Northern Ireland because of security problems in the province, ravaged by 12 years of sectarian violence between Protestants and Catholics.

A buge cootroversy erupted earlier this mooth when oews was leaked of a tour to the province by Princess Alexandra, cousin of Queen Elizabeth II. Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher immediately ordered an inquiry into how the security screen was breached. The tour weot ahead without incideot.

## Labourite attacks New York mayor

In another development yesterday, Doo Con-cannon, oppositioo Labour Party spokesman on Northern Ireland, attacked New York's City mayor Ed Koch following the discovery by the federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Saturday of a big arms cacbe destined for the IRA.

Mr. Coocannoo said he hoped "certain Americans," including Mayor Koch, would "learn a lesson" from the seizure of the arms in a New York

· Three men were arrested by the FBI for violating federal firearms statutes.

"Those Americans who put money into tin boxes thinking they are doing something humane should recognise that some of this money is spent on bombs and bullets," Mr. Concannon said.

Mr. Koch sparked off a wave of national anger in this country last week when he used a 24-hour visit by Prince Charles to New York to attack British policy on Ulster.

"I hope Mayor Koch will be among those who learn their lessoo of what the IRA are doing," Mr.

# Politicians demand expulsion of Soviet diplomats in Dacca

DACCA, June 22 (A.P.) — Leaders of several political parties today demanded the expulsion of Soviet diplomats involved in an apparent attempt to smuggle 10 tons of sphisticated electronic equipment into the country, accusing the Soviets of espionage.

United Peoples Party Chairman Fazi Jaffar Ahmed, a former education minister, called fur an investigation of what he called the "dobious activities of the Soviet embassy" here. In a statement, he said the smuggling attempt gave reason to believe the Soviets were

engaged in a conspiracy against Bangladesh.

Leaders of several other parties issued similar statements con-

demning the incident. Security personnel were still guarding the 140 crates of cargo brought to the airport bere Saturday by a special Soviet Aeroflot airliner. The crates, totalling about 10 tons, were confiscated by customs agents.

Airport sources said that after arrival of the cargo, marked building materials, Soviet embassy officials entered the airport with their own trucks and pickups, brushing aside security guards

The sources said the Soviets tried to load the erates noto the trucks, but when airport employees asked for documents, they failed to produce them.

Customs officials opened the crates in the presence of both the Soviet officials and representatives of the Bangladesh foreign ministry. They were found to contain sophisticated electronic equ-

When a Bangladesh intelligence official tried to take photographs of the equipment, one Soviet diplomat reportedly pun-ched him, snatched the camera and threw it on the ground, bre-

The equipment reportedly included a frequency analyser, which can be used to listen to any radio communication in the region.

# Pope undergoes intensive diagnostic medical tests

ROME, June 22 (A.P.) - Doctors took X-rays and performed blood test on Pope John Paul II today to try to find out the cause of a nagging fever that is delaying the pontiff's recovery from gunshot

Dr. Emilio Tresalti, chief medical officer attending the Pope, said doctors would probably not issue a medical bulletin on the Pope's condition today. He refused to characterise the Pope's condition or say how long be would be in the hospital,

The Pope was readmitted to the hospital unexpectedly Saturday for diagnostic tests. Doctors said he may have a lung infection and has a persistent fever. The weekly Roman Catholic magazine Famiglia Cristiana (Chr-

istian Family) has reported that the Pope's complications were caused by over-exertion on June 7, Pentecost, when he appeared in public twice in St. Peter's Basilica at the end of a mass and at his apartment window overlooking St. Peter's Square. Dr. Francesco Crucitti, who led operation on the Pope after he was

shot in the abdomen in St. Peter's Square May 13, said "we don't know yet" whether overexertion caused the complications. Dr. Crucitti said it had not been determined whether the Pope had

pneumonia or pieurisy, an inflamation of the sac that covers the lung and causes difficult breathing. He said he could not comment the Pope's condition until the tests were complete.

# Delhi to issue stamp to honour Sanjay Gandhi

NEW DELHI, June 22 (A.P.) — Indian politician Sanjay Gandhi's death just one year ago will be marked by a postage stamp hon-ouring him and a memorial mee-

ting led by his mother. Prime Min-ister Indira Gandhi.

Mrs. Gandhi's government meanwhile showed that it is in no hurry to release the findings of a year-long inquiry into the stunt plane crash that killed her younger son on June 23, 1980.

'l am not going to comment on anything concerning my department to the press," snapped Mr. G. R. Kathpalia, directorgeneral of the government-run eivil aviation department, when a reporter asked him about the

Sanjay was flying a U.S.-built Pitts aerobatics biplane when it stalled and plunged into a clump of trees near his office killing him and a co-pilot. The inquiry has been conducted

by the director of safety in the department, Mr. K.B. Singh, who is currently on vacation. A spokesman for the prime min-

ister also declined comment on the inquiry saying he had no kno-

wledge of it. However, the Sunday Standard newspaper said in a report that authorities have delayed the report because they do not want to blame Sanjay, "an overconfident pilot taking on more than he could handle" for the crash. "Efforts have been underway to foist part of the blame for the tragedy on (co-pilot) Subhash Saxena. The

Standard added." Meanwhile, opposition leaders have criticised the government's decision to issue the comemmorative postage stamp.

Mr. Bhupesh Gupta of the ro Moscow Communist Party of India and Mr. Dandavate of the Janata (Peoples' Party) charged that the government was seeking to perpetuate a family dynasty by issuing the stamp.

Defending the move, Com-munications Minister C.M. Stephen said today that the criticism "smaeks of lack of grace... and reveals a mean mind."

"We will be untrue to history if we don't bring out a stamp on Mr. Sanjay Gandhi," said Mr. Stephen, whose ministry controls the Indian post office.

# Police haul in black photographer on charge of 28th Atlanta murder

ATLANTA, June 22 (A.P.) -Wayne B. Williams, a black freelance photographer who has been the subject of intense police surveillance, was arrested yes- mentally retarded. terday and charged with murder m one of the slayings of 28 young

blacks here, officials said. Williams, 23, was charged with murder in the death of Nathaniel Cater, 27, the most recent and oldest of the victims, said Atlanta Public Safety Commissioner Lee

Brown. Cater's body was found floating in the Chattahoochee River on May 24, where the bodies of six of the 28 cases being investigated by orney, said after the arrest that she a special police task force bave

beeo found. The charge against Williams although others bave been questioned and released in the cases.

Alfred James Evans, 13, whose bodies were found next to each other on July 28, 1979, in sou- yings. Although he was not arrthwest Atlanta, were the earliest ested or charged, police and repslayings assigned to the Special orders have since kept a vigil out-Task Force.

Cater, at 1.77 metres and 68 had been strangled.

liberation cause is lost."

Witches'smelt out in Zimbabwe

SALISBURY, June 22 (A.P.) - Roman Catholic churchmen and

officials of the ruling ZANU Party are concerned about a wave of

witch hunting in the Mrewa District, the Sunday Mail newspaper

The newspaper said spiritualist Size Chikanga "smelt out" 250

alleged witches from about 3,000 people assembled, on Saturday

near St. Paul's Catholic mission, 50 kilometres east of Salisbury. A

reporter at the scene described the rituals as "spine chilling" as

Chikanga romped among the people, touching the witches. Most of

the alleged witches were elderly people who were then dragged nut

to the centre of the crowds for "cleansing." The newspaper did not

provide details of the cleansing process.

The newspaper said the roads leading to the ceremony site were

choked with traffic from surrounding villages whose tribal hea-

dimen had been told to bring their people in for "smelling out."

The Sunday Mail said Prime Minister Robert Mugabe's ZANU

Party had not given approval to the even but Chikanga worked

with local party officials. He also carried a police permit and a

A visiting ZANU official was quoted as saying, "I don't like it.

id. "I think that if this sort of thing is going to be encouraged the

He added the people in the district were being charged noe Zimbabwe dollar (\$1.60) per family for the ritual cleansing.

places. He is making more thousands here," the priest said.

"This man has already made thousands of dollars in other

The party must not be associated with it."

Father Nigel Johnson, the priest in charge of St. Paul's mission,

Most of the victims were black teenagers, although some of the more recent bodies were of men in their 20s, most of them considered

The special Task Force is also investigating the disappearance of 10-year-old Darron Glass, who was last seeo in September. Williams is a freelance cam-

eraman who has been described by friends and associates as being highly intelligent and an electronics whiz. He lives in a brick home in northwest Atlanta with his parents, both retired teachers. Mary Welcome, Williams' att-

was sure "there would be no bond" set. Now at least he has a chance of was the first since the string of sla- responding in an appropriate, yings began almost two years ago. manner to whatever he is accused

of. Ms. Welcome said, referring to the flood of publicity that has sur-Edward Hope Smith, 14, and rounded her client since he was questioned for 12 hours on June 3 and 4 in connection with the slaside his bome.

Mr. Brown said Fultoo County kilogrammes, is the largest of the District Attorney Lewis Slatoo victims. Like 16 of the others, he will announce later the date of a commitment hearing for Willams.

Two plainclothes officers arrested Williams at his northwest Atlanta home yesterday afternoon, officials said,

Mr. Brown said the investigation "will continue full steam ahead." He refused to comment on any evidence authorities bave gathered against Williams.

"We are going to eootinue our investigation. We bave made an arrest in one case," Mr. Brown said. Officials bave ofteo said in the past that more than one person is thought to have committed the slayings.

An official close to the slayings probe said authorities decided to charge Williams after completing laboratory tests on fibre evidence removed from Williams' bouse and car on June 3, as well as fibres found on Cater's body. It was not known if other evidence may have prompted the arrest. .

In a news conference the day after he was questioned, Williams said the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FB1) had told him 'You killed Nathaniel Cater' and informed him be was a "primesuspect" in some of the slayings. At the news conference, Williams deoied throwing anything

off the bridge.

The arrest capped seve ral frantic weeks of investigation by hundreds of local law eoforcement, officers and the FBI, Mr. Slaton had said as late as Thursday that be did not believe there was enough evidence for ao arrest cir an indictment in any of the killings. The FBI agents and police off-

icers conducting the stake out May 22 at the bridge on the Chattaboochee River heard a splaish shortly before they stopped Wil-

He was stopped not far from the bridge while driving a white statioo wagon owned by his family. FBI agents interrogated him that night but did not take him into custody. He was placed under surveillance shortly after the bridge incident.

FBI agents and members of the Special Task Force tailed Williams until they realised be was aware of the surveillance and brought him in for questiooing. After he was interrogated on June 3 and 4, however, Mr. Brown announced that police had insufficient evidence to make an arrest.

# **WORLD NEWS BRIEF**

## Sattar to run for Bangladesh president

DACCA, June 22 (Agencies) — The ruling Banglad ionalist Party today unanimously nominated Acting ) Abdul Sattur as its candidate for the presidential election 21, Prime Minister Shah Azizur Rahman announced. ision followed a power struggle within the party over itsel man to succeed President Ziaur Rahman, who was ass during an abortive army coup in the southern port of C on May 30. The party was split between Mr. Sattar an Maj. Gen. Nurul Islam, who was sacked as agriculture m the setting president on Saturday night. Chief Electi-missioner, Justice Nurul Islam, earlier set Sept. 21 for ionwide election to choose a successor to Gen. Zia. assassinated May 30 in an aborted coup attempt. The se the September date apparently eliminated one major riv presidency. By Law, the president must be at least 35 ( and Hasina Wazed, president of the major opposition; Awami League, will not be 35 until week after the ele

# Czech paper compares U.S., NATC

#### Hitler

PRAGUE, June 22 (A.P.) - The Czechoslovak Co Party newspaper Rude Pravo, in an article written on anniversary of Germany's attack on the Soviet Unic compared U.S. and NATO officials with Hitler's war "There is no great difference between the planners in t rican Pentagon and the NATO staffs (on the one hand late fascists who prepared with such perfediousness the for June 22, 1914..." the newspaper said, It added the at the time were convinced that "their victory will be de the fall of Moscow, that by Christmas (1941) the 'conque be back at home and German towns will be saved from t What else is behind the cynical plans of U.S. generals for local war under which they would like to turn Euros nuclear battlefield foolishly believing that American tow saved from a catastrophe." According to the Czechoslo news agency CTK, Rude Pravo said Nazi propaganda Joseph Goebbels justified the 1941 attack with the nee Europe of the threat of Bolshevism" and Western "t centres are frightening the world with so-called Soviet

## Naga tribesmen on the move in I

NEW DELHI, June 22 (A.P.) — Three rebel tribesh reported shot to death yesterday by Indian army trootroubled northeastern state of Nagaland. A group of N rrillas, armed with semi-antomatic rifles, attacked a ri struction camp at Ukha near the Indo-Burmese border ned down engineer Jai Prakashan, the united News of Inc. agency quoted officials as saving. The pro-Chinese rel are fighting for Nagaland's independence from India, . with two boxes of gelatin gunpowder to the surrounding agency reported. Indian troops later raided the insurgen and killed three rebels, the report added.

## Fire in London subway claims one

LONDON, June 22 (A.P.) — A fire that broke out yes: London's subway system trapped scores of passengers than a balf hour before they could make their way to train, police reported. They said one man collapsed and c elevator after escaping from the smoke-clogged tunne people were taken to hospitals suffering from smoke in:

Their train was travelling from Central London when the saw fiames ahead and applied the brakes. As thick blac swirled through the tunnel. The passengers walked or back through the cars to a second train that had been dis to rescue them. It brought them to the nearest statio elevators lifted the passengers to safety. During the week would have been filled with commuters. Most of the pa with smoke-blackened faces were coughing as they stage to the platform and into waiting fleet of ambulances. wonder they all got out alive," said one policeman.

## Juan Carlos leaves hospital after sur

MADRID, June 22 (A.P.) — King Juan Carlos was dis-from a Madrid hospital today after an overnight stay to surgery on cuts he suffered when he slipped in the swimme of bis La Zarzuela Palace residence yesterday and fell int door. The 43-year-old monarch walked out of the Re-Hospital amid cheers from a crowd gathered outside. The suffered cuts in several parts of his body and was rushed hospital in his bathing suit. According to a medical bulle king suffered cuts on both hands, his nose and left forearm. cuts were described as slight. The hospital said the king's te and forearm were bandaged with plaster. The king & returning to the palace yesterday afternoon attending the \$. Grand Prix auto race at the Jarama Circuit outside Mad A palace spokesman said the king's condition was fu

# 11 climbers buried in avalanche

isfactory and he was expected to resume normal activitie

ediately.

SEATTLE, June 22 (Agencies) — Rescue workers held or hope today for 11 climbers buried under an avalanche of ice metres up Mount Rainier, the highest mountain in Wash State. They kept up rescue efforts in snow, high winds and cold, but officials said no sign of life bad been found at the st vesterday's disaster. An ice wall tore itself away from a glaci buried the 11 climbers under an avalanche of ice boold, metres deep and 92 metres wide. A small search party opeople was the first to arrive at the scene. The rescuers said wall tore off a glacier and crashed down on the climbers, lea wide swath of ice rubble. Rescuers had to proceed with ex caution because the area was "very dangerous and unstable, Gary Gregory, information officer for the National Park. hope is very slight because of the depth and width of the ice, Bob Dunnagan, chief ranger for Mount Rainier National "There are blocks of ice the size of cars," he said. Army helic rescue crews at Fort Lewis near Tacoma were alerted but not fly up the mountain immediately because of bad we which restricted visibility to 15 to 30 metres, Mr. Gregory sai called the expedition "a routine climb" that departed early terday and was to return later the same day.

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